

Product Manual

escodrives.com

Frequency Inverter S3 Series IP66 (NEMA 4X) Outdoor 0,37 - 22 kW







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Intended Audience

This User Manual is intended to be used in conjunction with the Quick Start User Guide included with the product, and is intended to provide additional information for more advanced product applications and usage. The reader should be familiar with the contents of the Quick Start User Guide, and in particular, should observe all safety warnings and installation guidelines contained therein.

General Information

It is the responsibility of the installer to ensure that the equipment or system into which the product is incorporated complies with all relevant legislation and codes of practice which apply in the country of use.

CE Marking

All esco antriebstechnik gmbh products intended for use within the European Union carry the CE mark to indicate compliance with European Directives.

A declaration of conformity is available from the website, www.esco-antriebstechnik.de/EN

For compliance with the European EMC Directive, the necessary guidance is provided within this document and it is the responsibility of the installer to ensure this guidance is followed to ensure compliance.

UL Conformity

A list of currently listed products is available from the UL website, www.ul.com.

For compliance with UL requirements, the necessary guidance is provided within this document and it is the responsibility of the installer to ensure this guidance is followed to ensure compliance.

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1 Year Warranty

All escodrives units carry a 1 year warranty against manufacturing defects from the date of manufacture. The manufacturer accepts no liability for any damage caused during or resulting from transport, receipt of delivery, installation or commissioning. The manufacturer also accepts no liability for damage or consequences resulting from inappropriate, negligent or incorrect installation, incorrect adjustment of the operating parameters of the drive, incorrect matching of the drive to the motor, incorrect installation, unacceptable dust, moisture, corrosive substances, excessive vibration or ambient temperatures outside of the design specification.

The local distributor may offer different terms and conditions at their discretion, and in all cases concerning warranty, the local distributor should be contacted first.

This user guide is the "original instructions" document. All non-English versions are translations of the "original instructions".

The contents of this User Guide are believed to be correct at the time of printing. In the interest of a commitment to a policy of continuous improvement, the manufacturer reserves the right to change the specification of the product or its performance or the contents of the User Guide without notice.

This User Guide is for use with version 3.11 Firmware

User Guide Revision 1.26

esco antriebstechnik gmbh adopts a policy of continuous improvement and whilst every effort has been made to provide accurate and up to date information, the information contained in this User Guide should be used for guidance purposes only and does not form the part of any contract.

When installing the drive on any power supply where the phase-ground voltage may exceed the phase-phase voltage (typically IT supply networks or Marine vessels) it is essential that the internal EMC filter ground and surge protection varistor ground (where fitted) are disconnected. If in doubt, refer to your Sales Partner for further information.
This manual is intended as a guide for proper installation. esco cannot assume responsibility for the compliance or the non- compliance to any code, national, local or otherwise, for the proper installation of this drive or associated equipment. A hazard of personal injury and/or equipment damage exists if codes are ignored during installation.
This escodrives contains high voltage capacitors that take time to discharge after removal of the main supply. Before working on the drive, ensure isolation of the main supply from line inputs. Wait ten (10) minutes for the capacitors to discharge to safe voltage levels. Failure to observe this precaution could result in severe bodily injury or loss of life.
Only qualified electrical personnel familiar with the construction and operation of this equipment and the hazards involved should install, adjust, operate, or service this equipment. Read and understand this manual and other applicable manuals in their entirety before proceeding. Failure to observe this precaution could result in severe bodily injury or loss of life.

1. Safety Warnings

1.1. Important Safety Information

Please read the IMPORTANT SAFETY INFORMATION below, and all Warning and Caution information elsewhere.

Danger: Indicates a risk of electric shock, which, if not avoided, could result in damage to the equipment and possible injury or death.

This variable speed drive product (escodrives) is intended for professional incorporation into complete equipment or systems as part of a fixed installation. If installed incorrectly it may present a safety hazard. The escodrives uses high voltages and currents, carries a high level of stored electrical energy, and is used to control mechanical plant that may cause injury. Close attention is required to system design and electrical installation to avoid hazards in either normal operation or in the event of equipment malfunction. Only qualified electricians are allowed to install and maintain this product.

System design, installation, commissioning and maintenance must be carried out only by personnel who have the necessary training and experience. They must carefully read this safety information and the instructions in this Guide and follow all information regarding transport, storage, installation and use of the escodrives, including the specified environmental limitations.

Do not perform any flash test or voltage withstand test on the escodrives. Any electrical measurements required should be carried out with the escodrives disconnected.

Electric shock hazard! Disconnect and ISOLATE the escodrives before attempting any work on it. High voltages are present at the terminals and within the drive for up to 10 minutes after disconnection of the electrical supply. Always ensure by using a suitable multimeter that no voltage is present on any drive power terminals prior to commencing any work.

Where supply to the drive is through a plug and socket connector, do not disconnect until 10 minutes have elapsed after turning off the supply.

Ensure correct earthing connections. The earth cable must be sufficient to carry the maximum supply fault current which normally will be limited by the fuses or MCB. Suitably rated fuses or MCB should be fitted in the mains supply to the drive, according to any local legislation or codes.

Ensure correct earthing connections and cable selection as per defined by local legislation or codes. The drive may have a leakage current of greater than 3.5mA; furthermore the earth cable must be sufficient to carry the maximum supply fault current which normally will be limited by the fuses or MCB. Suitably rated fuses or MCB should be fitted in the mains supply to the drive, according to any local legislation or codes.

Do not carry out any work on the drive control cables whilst power is applied to the drive or to the external control circuits.



Danger: Indicates a potentially hazardous situation other than electrical, which if not avoided, could result in damage to property.

Within the European Union, all machinery in which this product is used must comply with Directive 2006/42/EC, Safety of Machinery. In particular, the machine manufacturer is responsible for providing a main switch and ensuring the electrical equipment complies with EN60204-1.

The level of integrity offered by the escodrives control input functions – for example stop/start, forward/reverse and maximum speed is not sufficient for use in safety-critical applications without independent channels of protection. All applications where malfunction could cause injury or loss of life must be subject to a risk assessment and further protection provided where needed.

The driven motor can start at power up if the enable input signal is present.

The STOP function does not remove potentially lethal high voltages. ISOLATE the drive and wait 10 minutes before starting any work on it. Never carry out any work on the Drive, Motor or Motor cable whilst the input power is still applied.

The escodrives can be programmed to operate the driven motor at speeds above or below the speed achieved when connecting the motor directly to the mains supply. Obtain confirmation from the manufacturers of the motor and the driven machine about suitability for operation over the intended speed range prior to machine start up.

Do not activate the automatic fault reset function on any systems whereby this may cause a potentially dangerous situation.

When mounting the drive, ensure that sufficient cooling is provided. Do not carry out drilling operations with the drive in place, dust and swarf from drilling may lead to damage.

The entry of conductive or flammable foreign bodies should be prevented. Flammable material should not be placed close to the drive

Relative humidity must be less than 95% (non-condensing).

Ensure that the supply voltage, frequency and no. of phases (1 or 3 phase) correspond to the rating of the escodrives as delivered.

Never connect the mains power supply to the Output terminals U, V, W.

Do not install any type of automatic switchgear between the drive and the motor.

Wherever control cabling is close to power cabling, maintain a minimum separation of 100 mm and arrange crossings at 90 degrees. Ensure that all terminals are tightened to the appropriate torque setting.

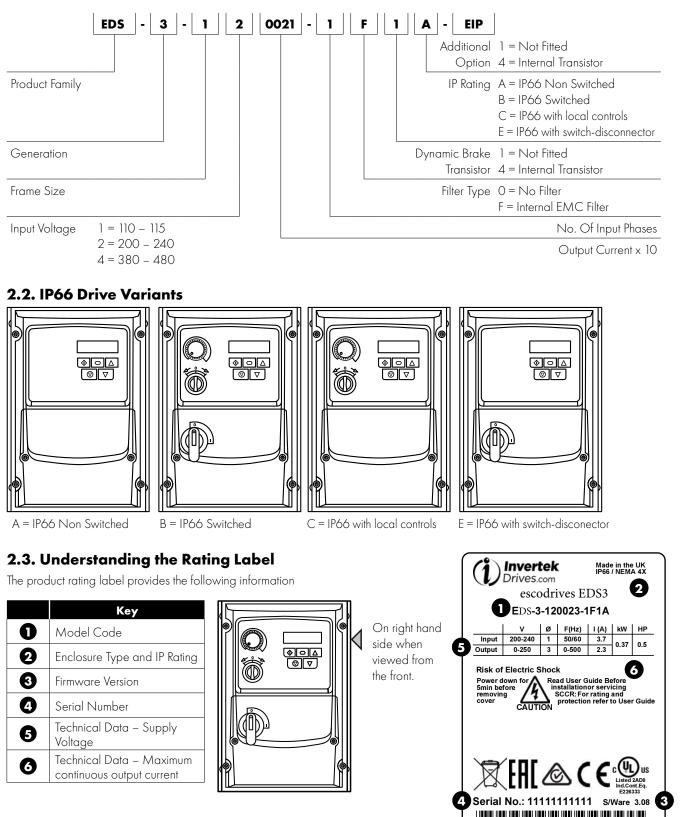
Do not attempt to carry out any repair of the escodrives. In the case of suspected fault or malfunction, contact your local esco Sales Partner for further assistance.

2. General Information and Ratings

This chapter contains information about the escodrives EDS3 including how to identify the drive.

2.1. Identifying the Drive by Model Number

Each drive can be identified by its model number, as shown in the table below. The model number is on the shipping label and the drive nameplate. The model number includes the drive and any options.



918070

2.4. Drive Model Numbers

	0 – 115V ± 10% - 1 Phase I Number				
		— kW	НР	Output Current (A)	Frame Size
With Filter	Without Filter				1
N/A	EDS3-110023-101#		0.5	2.3	1
N/A	EDS3-110043-101#		1	4.3	1
N/A	EDS3-210058-104#		1.5	5.8	2
		10% - 1 Phase Inp	out – 3 Phase Out		
		— kW	НР	Output Current (A)	Frame Size
With Filter	Without Filter	0.07			1
EDS3-120023-1F1#	EDS3-120023-101#	0.37	0.5	2.3]
EDS3-120043-1F1#	EDS3-120043-101#	0.75	1	4.3	
EDS3-120070-1F1#	EDS3-120070-101#	1.5	2	7	1
EDS3-220070-1F4#	EDS3-220070-104#	1.5	2	7	2
EDS3-220105-1F4#	EDS3-220105-104#	2.2	3	10.5	2
EDS3-320153-1F4#	EDS3-320153-104#	4.0	5	15.3	3
N/A	EDS3-420240-104#	5.5	7.5	24	4
N/A	EDS3-420300-104#	7.5	10	30	4
		10% - 3 Phase Inp	out – 3 Phase Out	tput	Í
	Number	— kW	НР	Output Current	Frame Size
With Filter	Without Filter			(A)	_
EDS3-120023-3F1#	EDS3-120023-301#	0.37	0.5	2.3	1
EDS3-120043-3F1#	EDS3-120043-301#	0.75	1	4.3	1
EDS3-120070-3F1#	EDS3-120070-301#	1.5	2	7	1
EDS3-220070-3F4#	EDS3-220070-304#	1.5	2	7	2
EDS3-220105-3F4#	EDS3-220105-304#	2.2	3	10.5	2
EDS3-320180-3F4#	EDS3-320180-304#	4.0	5	18	3
EDS3-320240-3F4#	EDS3-320240-304#	5.5	7.5	24	3
EDS3-420300-3F4#	EDS3-420300-304#	7.5	10	30	4
EDS3-420460-3F4#	EDS3-420460-304#	11	15	46	4
		10% - 3 Phase Inp	out – 3 Phase Out	put	
Mode	Number	— kW	НР	Output Current	Frame Size
With Filter	Without Filter			(A)	
EDS3-140022-3F1#	EDS3-140022-301#	0.75	1	2.2	1
EDS3-140041-3F1#	EDS3-140041-301#	1.5	2	4.1	1
EDS3-240041-3F4#	EDS3-240041-304#	1.5	2	4.1	2
EDS3-240058-3F4#	EDS3-240058-304#	2.2	3	5.8	2
EDS3-240095-3F4#	EDS3-240095-304#	4	5	9.5	2
EDS3-340140-3F4#	EDS3-340140-304#	5.5	7.5	14	3
EDS3-340180-3F4#	EDS3-340180-304#	7.5	10	18	3
EDS3-340240-3F4#	0240-3F4# EDS3-340240-3042		15	24	3
EDS3-440300-3F4#	EDS3-440300-3042	15	20	30	4
EDS3-440390-3F4#	EDS3-440390-3042	18.5	25	39	4
EDS3-440460-3F4#	EDS3-440460-3042	22	30	46	4
	For IP66 replace the	e '#' with:			
		IP66	FWD/REV	Pot	Disconnect
	A	√	×	x	x
NOTE	B	v √	~	\checkmark	× √
	C	\checkmark	\checkmark	\checkmark	×
	E	\checkmark	x	x I	\checkmark

3. Mechanical Installation

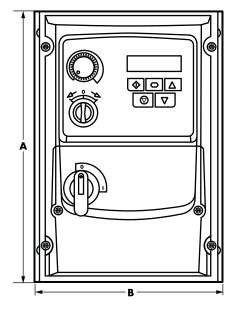
3.1. General

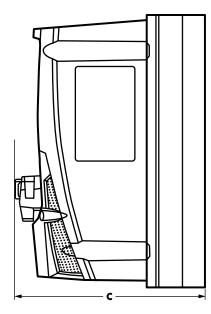
- The escodrives should be mounted in a vertical position only, on a flat, flame resistant, vibration free mounting using the integral mounting holes.
- Do not mount flammable material close to the escodrives.
- Ensure that the minimum cooling air gaps, as detailed in section 3.4. Guidelines for mounting on page 8.
- Ensure that the ambient temperature range does not exceed the permissible limits for the escodrives given in section 10.1. *Environmental on page 53.*

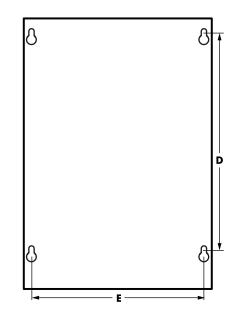
3.2. UL Compliant Installation

Refer to section 10.5. Additional Information for UL Compliance on page 55 for Additional Information for UL Compliance.

3.3. Mechanical Dimensions







Drive Size		4	l	3		C	D)		-	We	ight
Drive Size	mm	in	mm	in	mm	in	mm	in	mm	in	kg	lb
1	232	9.13	161	6.34	162	6.37	189	7.44	148.5	5.85	2.3	5
2	257	10.12	188	7.4	182	7.16	200	7.87	176	7.00	3.5	7.7
3	310	12.2	211	8.3	235	9.25	252	9.92	197	7.75	6.6	14.5
4	360	14.17	240	9.44	271	10.67	300	11.81	227	8.94	9.5	20.9

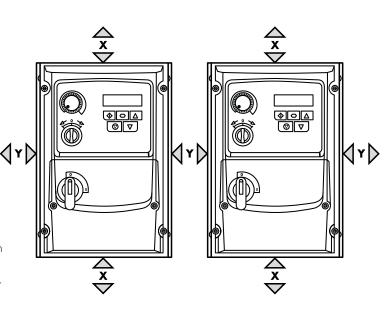
N	lounting Bolt	S		Tight	tening Torqu	les	
Frame Size Metric UNF			Frame Size	Require	d Torque	Terminal Typ	
All Sizes	M4	#8	Control Terminals	All	0.5 Nm	4.5lb-in	Rising Clamp
				1 - 3	0.8 Nm	7 lb-in	Rising Clamp
			Power Terminals	4	2 Nm	18 lb-in	Rising Clamp

3

3.4. Guidelines for mounting

- Before mounting the drive, ensure that the chosen location meets the environmental condition requirements for the drive shown in section 10.1. Environmental on page 53.
- The drive must be mounted vertically, on a suitable flat surface.
- The minimum mounting clearances as shown in the table below must be observed.
- The mounting site and chosen mountings should be sufficient to support the weight of the drives.
- Using the drive as a template, or the dimensions shown above, mark the locations required for drilling.
- Suitable cable glands to maintain the ingress protection of the drive are required. Gland holes for power and motor cables are pre-moulded into the drive enclosure, recommended gland sizes are shown below. Gland holes for control cables may be cut as required.

The mounting location should be free from vibration.



- Do not mount the drive in any area with excessive humidity, corrosive airborne chemicals or potentially dangerous dust particles.
- Avoid mounting close to high heat sources.
- The drive must not be mounted in direct sunlight. If necessary, install a suitable shade cover.
- The mounting location must be free from frost.
- Do not restrict the flow of air through the drive heatsink. The drive generates heat which must be naturally allowed to dissipate. Correct air clearance around the drive must be observed.
- If the location is subject to wide ambient temperature and air pressure variation, install a suitable pressure compensation valve in the drive gland plate.

NOTE If the drive has been in storage for a period longer than 2 years, the DC link capacitors must be reformed.

Drive Size	X Above	& Below	Y Either Side		
	mm	in	mm	in	
1	200	7.87	10	0.39	
2	200	7.87	10	0.39	
3	200	7.87	10	0.39	
4	200	7.87	10	0.39	

Above are guidelines only and the operating ambient temperature of the drive MUST be maintained within the limits shown in section 10.1. *Environmental* at all times.

3.5. Gland Plate and Lock Off

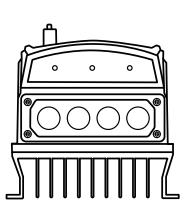
NOTE

The use of a suitable gland system is required to maintain the appropriate IP / NEMA rating. The gland plate has pre moulded cable entry holes for power and motor connections suitable for use with glands as shown in the following table. Where additional holes are required, these can be drilled to suitable size. Please take care when drilling to avoid leaving any particles within the product.

Gland Plate Holes Sizes & Recommended glands

	Power	oles	Control Cables				
Frame Size	Hole Size	Recommended Gland		Hole Size	Recommended Gland		
	nole Size	PG	Metric	Hole Size	PG	Metric	
]	20.4mm / 0.8 inch	PG 13.5	M20	00.4 /	PG13.5	M20	
2&3	27mm / 1.06 inch	PG21	M25	20.4mm / 0.8 inch	PG 13.5	M20	
4	37mm / 1.46 inch	PG29	-	0.6 inch	PG13.5	M20	

IP66 / NEMA 4X Gland Plate



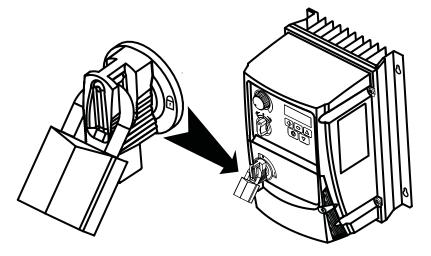
- UL rated ingress protection ("Type") is only met when cables are installed using a UL
 recognized bushing or fitting for a flexible-conduit system which meets the required level
 of protection ("Type").
- For conduit installations the conduit entry holes require standard opening to the required sizes specified per the NEC.
- Not intended for installation using rigid conduit system.

Mechanical Installation 😧

Mains switch-disconnector Lock Off

On the switched models the mains switch-disconnector can be locked in the 'Off' position using a 20mm standard shackle padlock (not supplied).

IP66 / NEMA 4X Unit Lock Off

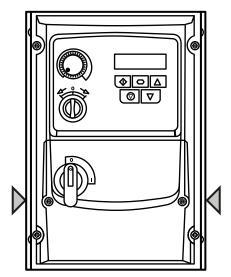


3.6. Removing the Terminal Cover

To access the connection terminals, the drive front cover needs to be removed as shown.

IP66 / NEMA 4X Units

Removing the screws on the front of the product allows access to the connection terminals, as shown below.



3.7. Routine Maintenance

The drive should be included within the scheduled maintenance program so that the installation maintains a suitable operating environment, this should include:

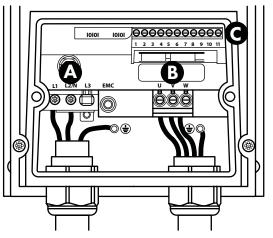
- Ambient temperature is at or below that set out in section 10.1. Environmental on page 53.
- Heat sink fans (where fitted) freely rotating and dust free.
- The Enclosure in which the drive is installed should be free from dust and condensation; furthermore ventilation fans and air filters should be checked for correct air flow.

Checks should also be made on all electrical connections, ensuring screw terminals are correctly torqued; and that power cables have no signs of heat damage.

4.1. Connection Locations

4.1.1. Connection locations - Frame size 1

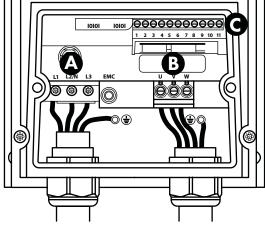
Single phase supply



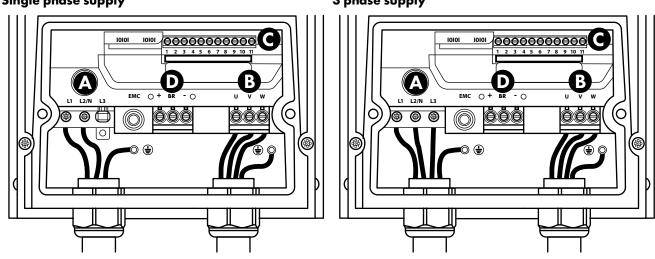
4.1.2. Connection locations - Frame sizes 2, 3 and 4

Single phase supply

3 phase supply



3 phase supply

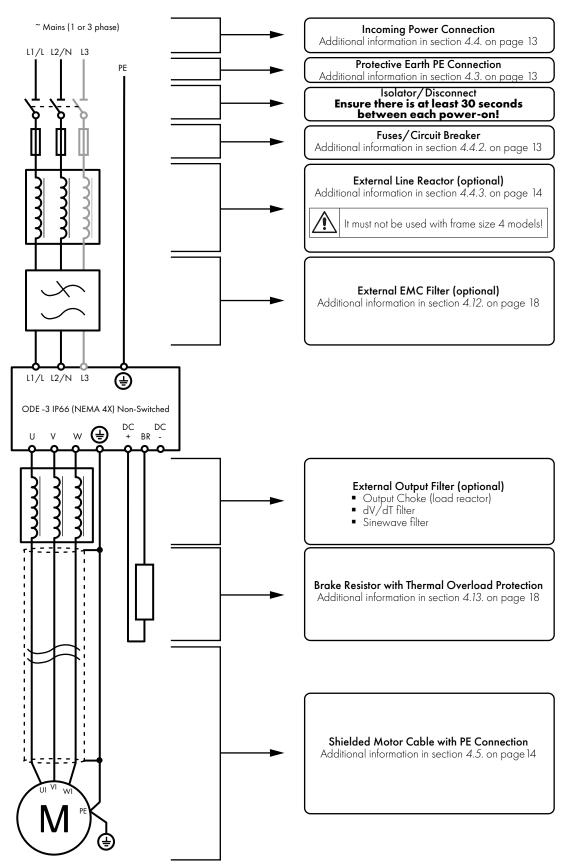


- A Incoming Power Connections see section 4.4. Incoming Power Connection for more information
- **B** Motor Connections see section 4.5. Motor Connection for more information
- C Control Terminal Connections see section 4.10. Control Terminal Connections for more information
- D Brake Resistor see section 4.13. Optional Brake Resistor for more information

4.2. Connection Diagram

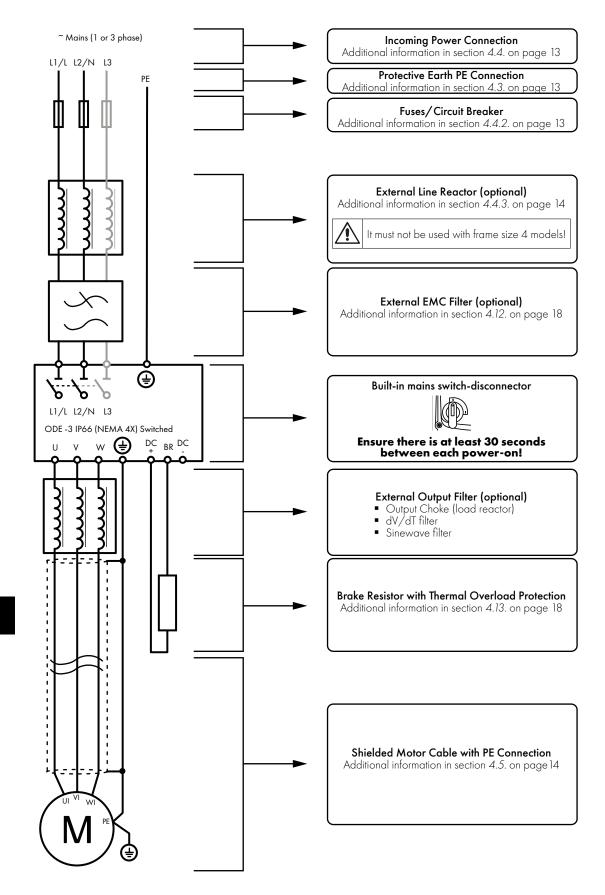
All power terminal locations are marked directly on the product. DC+/BR/DC- terminals are not available on Size 1 models.

4.2.1. IP66 (Nema 4X) Non-Switched Units



4

4.2.2. Electrical Power Connections – IP66 (NEMA 4X) Switched Models



4.3. Protective Earth (PE) Connection

Grounding Guidelines

The ground terminal of each escodrives should be individually connected DIRECTLY to the site ground bus bar (through the filter if installed). escodrives ground connections should not loop from one drive to another, or to, or from any other equipment. Ground loop impedance must confirm to local industrial safety regulations. To meet UL regulations, UL approved ring crimp terminals should be used for all ground wiring connections.

The drive Safety Ground must be connected to system ground. Ground impedance must conform to the requirements of national and local industrial safety regulations and/or electrical codes. The integrity of all ground connections should be checked periodically.

Protective Earth Conductor

The Cross sectional area of the PE Conductor must be at least equal to that of the incoming supply conductor.

Safety Ground

This is the safety ground for the drive that is required by code. One of these points must be connected to adjacent building steel (girder, joist), a floor ground rod, or bus bar. Grounding points must comply with national and local industrial safety regulations and/ or electrical codes.

Motor Ground

The motor ground must be connected to one of the ground terminals on the drive.

Ground Fault Monitoring

As with all inverters, a leakage current to earth can exist. The escodrives is designed to produce the minimum possible leakage current whilst complying with worldwide standards. The level of current is affected by motor cable length and type, the effective switching frequency, the earth connections used and the type of RFI filter installed. If an ELCB (Earth Leakage Circuit Breaker) is to be used, the following conditions apply:

- A Type B Device must be used.
- The device must be suitable for protecting equipment with a DC component in the leakage current.
- Individual ELCBs should be used for each escodrives.

Shield Termination (Cable Screen)

The safety ground terminal provides a grounding point for the motor cable shield. The motor cable shield connected to this terminal (drive end) should also be connected to the motor frame (motor end). Use a shield terminating or EMI clamp to connect the shield to the safety ground terminal.

4.4. Incoming Power Connection

4.4.1. Cable Selection

- For 1 phase supply, the mains power cables should be connected to L1/L, L2/N.
- For 3 phase supplies, the mains power cables should be connected to L1, L2, and L3. Phase sequence is not important.
- For compliance with CE EMC requirements, refer to section 4.12. EMC Compliant Installation on page 18.
- A fixed installation is required according to IEC61800-5-1 with a suitable disconnecting device installed between the escodrives and the AC Power Source. The disconnecting device must conform to the local safety code / regulations (e.g. within Europe, EN60204-1, Safety of machinery).
- The cables should be dimensioned according to any local codes or regulations. Maximum dimensions are given in section 10.3. Rating Tables on page 53.

4.4.2. Fuse / Circuit Breaker Selection

- Suitable fuses to provide wiring protection of the input power cable should be installed in the incoming supply line, according to the data in section 10.3. Rating Tables on page 53. The fuses must comply with any local codes or regulations in place.
 In general, type gG (IEC 60269) or UL type J fuses are suitable; however in some cases type aR fuses may be required. The operating time of the fuses must be below 0.5 seconds.
- Where allowed by local regulations, suitably dimensioned type B MCB circuit breakers of equivalent rating may be utilised in place of fuses, providing that the clearing capacity is sufficient for the installation. For UL approved installation, fuses must be used, refer to section 10.5. Additional Information for UL Compliance on page 55.
- The maximum permissible short circuit current at the escodrives Power terminals is shown in section 10.2. Input Power Supply Requirements on page 53.

4.4.3. Optional Input Choke

- Do not use input choke with size 4 models!
- An optional Input Choke is recommended to be installed in the supply line for drives frame size 1, 2 and 3 where any of the following conditions occur:
 - o The incoming supply impedance is low or the fault level / short circuit current is high.
 - o The supply is prone to dips or brown outs.
 - o An imbalance exists on the supply (3 phase drives).
 - o The power supply to the drive is via a busbar and brush gear system (typically overhead Cranes).
- In all other installations, an input choke is recommended to ensure protection of the drive against power supply faults. Part numbers are shown in the table.

Supply	Frame Size	AC Input Inductor
230 Volt	1	on request
1 Phase	2	on request
	1	on request
400 Volt 3 Phase	2	on request
5 Hidse	3	on request

4.5. Motor Connection

- The drive inherently produces fast switching of the output voltage (PWM) to the motor compared to the mains supply. For motors
 which have been wound for operation with a variable speed drive additional measures are not required; however if the quality of
 insulation is unknown the motor manufacturer should be consulted and preventative measures may be required.
- The motor should be connected to the escodrives U, V, and W terminals using a suitable 3 or 4 core cable. Where a 3 core cable is utilised, with the shield operating as an earth conductor, the shield must have a cross sectional area at least equal to the phase conductors when they are made from the same material. Where a 4 core cable is utilised, the earth conductor must be of at least equal cross sectional area and manufactured from the same material as the phase conductors.
- The motor earth must be connected to one of the escodrives earth terminals.
- Maximum permitted motor cable length for all models: 100 metres shielded, 150 metres unshielded.
- Where multiple motors are connected to a single drive using parallel cables, an output choke **must** be installed.

4.6. Motor Terminal Box Connections

Do not install any mechanical or electro-mechanical switching devices between the drive and motor. Where a local isolator is installed close to the motor, this should be interlocked with the drive control circuit to ensure the drive is disabled when the motor is isolated. Most general purpose motors are wound for operation on dual voltage supplies. This is indicated on the nameplate of the motor. This operational voltage is normally selected when installing the motor by selecting either STAR or DELTA connection. STAR always gives the higher of the two voltage ratings.

Incoming Supply Voltage	Incoming Supply Voltage Motor Nameplate Voltages		Connection
230	230 / 400	Delta	
400	400 / 690	Δ	
400	230 / 400	Star A	

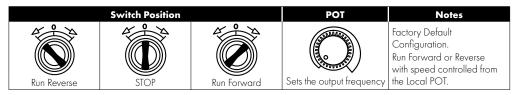
4.7. Control Terminal Wiring

- All analog signal cables should be suitably shielded. Twisted pair cables are recommended.
- Power and Control Signal cables should be routed separately where possible, and must not be routed parallel to each other.
- Signal levels of different voltages e.g. 24 Volt DC and 110 Volt AC, should not be routed in the same cable.
- Maximum control terminal tightening torque is 0.5Nm.
- Control Cable entry conductor size: 0.05 2.5mm² / 30 12 AWG.
- 14 | escodrives EDS3 IP66 Outdoor Rated User Guide | Version 1.26

4.8. Using the REV/0/FWD Selector Switch (Versions With Local Controls Only)

By adjusting the parameter settings the escodrives can be configured for multiple applications and not just for Forward or Reverse. This could typically be for Hand/Off/Auto applications (also known and Local/Remote) for HVAC and pumping industries. The integrated switch operates in parallel with drive terminal 2 (T2) and terminal 3 (T3) as digital input 1 and digital input 2. By default, the integrated switch is enabled.

4.8.1. Default functions of the control switches



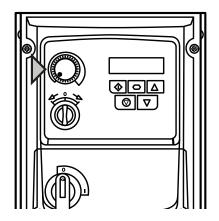
4.8.2. Switch Configuration

P-64 = 0	T2 OR Switch REV OR Switch FWD	+24V DC TT VFD Control Terminals External User Switches VFD Control Terminals OR Run Reverse OR Run Forward
P-64 = 1	DI 1 = T2 only	+24V DC VFD Control Terminals External User Switches VFD Control Terminals External User Switches Drive Switch is disabled
P-64 = 2	DI 1 T2 = OR Switch FWD	+24V DC VFD Control Terminals External User Switches VFD Control Terminals OR Run Forward
P-64 = 3	T2 AND Switch DI1 FWD	+24V DC VFD Control Terminals External User Switches AND Run Forward
	= OR T2 AND Switch REV	+24V DC T2 VFD Control Terminals External User Switches AND Run Reverse
P-64 = 4	DI T2 AND Switch FWD	+24V DC T2 VFD Control Terminals External User Switches AND Run Forward
P-65 = 0	DI2 T3 = OR Switch REV	+24V DC TI Taminals External User Switches VFD Control Terminals OR Run Reverse
P-65 = 1	DI2 = T3 only	+24V DC TT T3 VFD Control Terminals External User Switches Drive Switch is disabled
P-65 = 2	DI2 T3 = AND Switch REV	+24V DC TT Tag Ferminals External User Switches WFD Control Terminals AND Run Reverse

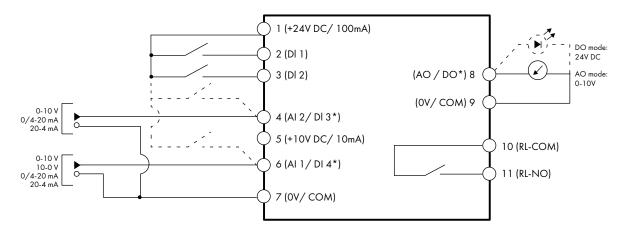
4.9. Using the Internal Pot (Local Control Versions Only)

On switched drives, the built-in pot (indicated) may be used to directly control the signal level applied to analog input 1, and therefore the output frequency (motor speed).

To select the built-in pot as the signal source for analog input 1, set P-16 = 8 In-pot.



4.10. Control Terminal Connections



NOTE

* Dashed lines shows connection for analog inputs and output in digital mode

14			Default	C = =	D	
	Кеу		Open	Closed	Sec.	Page
1	+24V DC	24 Volt DC Output	On-board +24V D	C Supply (100mA)		
2	DI 1	Digital Input 1 (Run Enable)	STOP	run		
3	DI 2	Digital Input 2	forward	REVERSE		
4	AI 2 / DI 3	Analog Input 2 / Digital Input 3	All Reference	Preset Speed 1 (P-20)		
5	+10V DC	+10Volt DC Output	On-board +10V DC Supply (10 mA)			
6	AI 1 / DI 4	Analog Input 1 / Digital Input 4	Speed Reference 1 (0-10V)			
7	OV / COM	0 Volt Common	OV Common for	AI/AO/DI/DO		
8	AO	Analog Output	Motor Spe	ed (0-10V)		
9	OV / COM	0 Volt Common	OV Common for	AI/AO/DI/DO		
10	RL-COM	Relay Output Common				
11	RL-NO	Relay Output NO Contact	Drive Faulty	Drive Healthy		

NOTE

Digital Inputs: Logic High = 8-30V DC (30V DC max) Analog Output: 0 – 10 Volt (20mA max) Relay Output: 6A/250V AC, 5A/30V DC (resistive load)

4.10.1. Analog Output

The analog output function may be configured using parameter P-25, which is described in section 6.2. Parameter List on page 23. The output has two operating modes, dependent on the parameter selection:

- Analog Mode
 - o The output is a 0 10 volt DC signal, 20mA max load current.
- Digital Mode o The output is 24 volt DC, 20mA max load current.
- 4.10.2. Relay Output

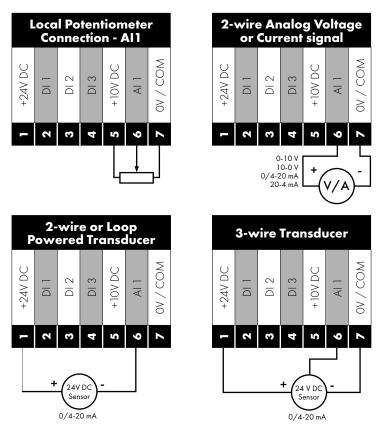
The relay output function may be configured using parameter P-18, which is described in section 6.2. Parameter List on page 23.

4.10.3. Analog Inputs

Two analog inputs are available, which may also be used as Digital Inputs if required. The signal formats are selected by parameters as follows:

- Analog Input 1 Format Selection Parameter P-16.
- Analog Input 2 Format Selection Parameter P-47.

These parameters are described more fully in section 6.3.3 Input and Output Functions on page 28.



The function of the analog input, e.g. for speed reference or PID feedback for example is defined by parameters P-15. The function of these parameters and available options is described in section 7. Analog and Digital Input Macro Configurations on page 40.

4.10.4. Digital Inputs

Up to four digital inputs are available. The function of the inputs is defined by parameters P-12 and P-15, which are explained in section 7. Analog and Digital Input Macro Configurations on page 40.

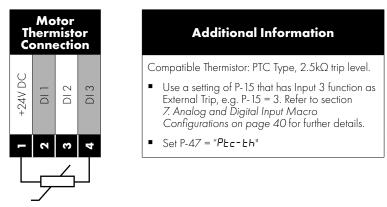
4.11. Motor Thermal Overload Protection

4.11.1. Internal Thermal Overload Protection

The drive has an built-in motor thermal overload function; this is in the form of an "I.t-trP" trip after delivering >100% of the value set in P-08 for a sustained period of time (e.g. 150% for 60 seconds).

4.11.2. Motor Thermistor Connection

Where a motor thermistor is to be used, it should be connected as follows:



Refer to section 7. Analog and Digital Input Macro Configurations for further information regarding configuration of the input functions.

4.12. EMC Compliant Installation

Category	Supply Cable Type	Motor Cable Type	Control Cables	Maximum Permissible Motor Cable Length
C 16	Shielded	Shielded ^{1,5}		1 M / 5 M ⁷
C2	Shielded ²	Shielded ^{1, 5}	Shielded ⁴	5M / 25M ⁷
C3	Unshielded ³	Shielded ²		25M / 100M ⁷

¹ A screened (shielded) cable suitable for fixed installation with the relevant mains voltage in use. Braided or twisted type screened cable where the screen covers at least 85% of the cable surface area, designed with low impedance to HF signals. Installation of a standard cable within a suitable steel or copper tube is also acceptable.

- ² A cable suitable for fixed installation with relevant mains voltage with a concentric protection wire. Installation of a standard cable within a suitable steel or copper tube is also acceptable.
- ³ A cable suitable for fixed installation with relevant mains voltage. A shielded type cable is not necessary.
- ⁴ A shielded cable with low impedance shield. Twisted pair cable is recommended for analog signals.
- ⁵ The cable screen should be terminated at the motor end using an EMC type gland allowing connection to the motor body through the largest possible surface area. Where drives are mounted in a steel control panel enclosure, the cable screen may be terminated directly to the control panel using a suitable EMC clamp or gland, as close to the drive as possible. For IP66 drives, connect the motor cable screen to the internal ground clamp.
- ⁶ Compliance with category C1 conducted emissions only is achieved. For compliance with category C1 radiated emissions, additional measures may be required, contact your Sales Partner for further assistance. Frame size 3 single phase 230V input is not C1 compliant.
- ⁷ Permissible cable length with additional external EMC filter.

4.13. Optional Brake Resistor

escodrives EDS3 Frame Size 2 and above units have a built-in Brake Transistor. This allows an external resistor to be connected to the drive to provide improved braking torque in applications that require this.

The brake resistor should be connected to the "+" and "BR" terminals as shown in the diagrams in sections 4.2. Connection Diagram on page 11.



The voltage level at these terminals may exceed 800VDC.

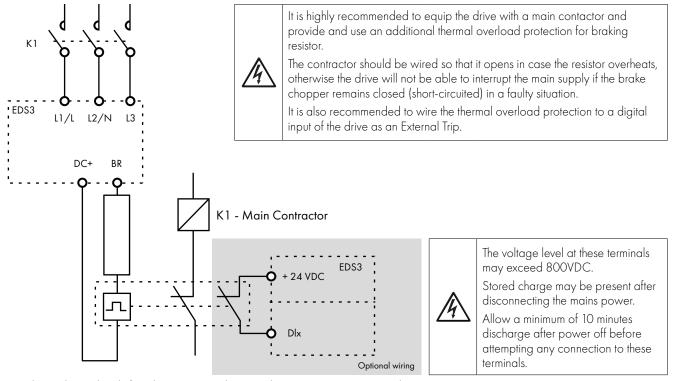
Stored charge may be present after disconnecting the mains power.

Allow a minimum of 10 minutes discharge after power off before attempting any connection to these terminals.

Suitable resistors and guidance on selection can be obtained from your esco Sales Partner. The brake transistor is enabled here by setting P-34 > 0. See section 6. Parameters on page 23 for more information.

4

Dynamic Brake Transistor with Thermal Overload Protection



Thermal Overload / Brake Resistor with internal Over Temperature switch

4

5. Operation

5.1. Managing the Keypad

The drive is configured and its operation monitored via the keypad and display.

	NAVIGATE	Used to display real-time information, to access and exit parameter edit mode and to store parameter changes.	
	UP	Used to increase speed in real-time mode or to increase parameter values in parameter edit mode.	
\square	DOWN	Used to decrease speed in real-time mode or to decrease parameter values in parameter edit mode.	
\bigcirc	RESET / STOP	Used to reset a tripped drive. When in Keypad mode is used to Stop a running drive.	
	START	When in keypad mode, used to Start a stopped drive or to reverse the direction of rotation if bi-directional keypad mode is enabled.	1

5.2. Operating Displays

StoP	н 50.0	E.S R	P 1.50	ISOO	FırE
O	(((($\textcircled{O} \bigcirc \bigtriangleup$
$\bigcirc \nabla$					$\bigcirc \nabla$
Drive Stopped / Disabled	Drive is enabled / running, display shows the output frequency (Hz)	Press the Navigate key for < 1 second. The display will show the motor current (Amps)	Press the Navigate key for < 1 second. The display will show the motor power (kW)	If P-10 > 0, pressing the Navigate key for < 1 second will display the motor speed (RPM)	Drive is in fire mode and can't be reset until fore mode is deactivated

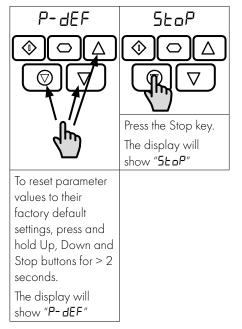
5.3. Changing Parameters

StoP	P-01	P-08	10	P-08	P-08
		\mathbb{Q}	$\bigcirc \bigcirc$	♦₽₽	◈∰△
		(ھ)ليک			
Press and hold the	Use the up and	Press the Navigate	Adjust the value	Press for < 1 second	Press for > 2
Navigate key > 2	down keys to	key for < 1 second	using the Up and	to return to the	seconds to return
seconds	select the required		Down keys	parameter menu	to the operating
	parameter				display

5.4. Read Only Parameter Access

5⊦₀₽ �Ŗ△ ©↓⁄⊽	P-DD The second	P00-0 I (♦) (▲) (♥) (√)	P00-08	330 ♦₽△ ▼	5toP �Ŗ△ ♡↓₹
Press and hold the Navigate key > 2 seconds	Use the up and down keys to select P-00	Press the Navigate key for < 1 second	Use the up and down keys to select the required Read Only parameter	Press the Navigate key for < 1 second to display the value	Press and hold the Navigate key > 2 seconds to return to the operating display

5.5. Resetting Parameters



5.6. Resetting a Fault

0-1	Stop
O	$\textcircled{O} \Box$
	$\boxed{\bigcirc} \boxed{\nabla}$
Press the Stop key.	
The display will show " 5£0P "	

5.7. LED Display

escodrives EDS3 has a built-in 6 Digit 7 Segment LED Display. In order to display certain warnings, the following methods are used:

5.7.1 LED Display Layout

8.8.8.8.8.8. $\nabla \nabla$ ∇ ∇ ∇ ∇ f b d е a С

5.7.2 LED Display Meanings

LED Segments	Behaviour	Meaning
a, b, c, d, e, f	Flashing all together	Overload, motor output current exceeds P-08
a and f	Flashing alternately	Mains Loss (Incoming AC power has been removed)
a	Flashing	Fire Mode Active

6.1. Standard Parameters

The parameter set is arranged in Groups according to the following structure:

Parameter Group	Range	Access Level	Access Type
POO	P00-01 to P00-20	Extended	Read Only
	P00-21 to P00-50	Advanced	Read Only
Basic Parameters	P-01 to P-14	Basic	Read / Write
Extended Parameters	P-15 to P-50	Extended	Read / Write
Advanced Parameters	P-51 to P-60	Advanced	Read / Write

Access to all parameter groups is controlled by setting P-14 as follows:

P-14 = P-37 (Factory setting: 101) Allows Extended Parameter Access

P-14 = P-37 + 100 (Factory Setting: 201) Allows Advanced Parameter Access

In order to prevent possible damage to the drive and connected machinery, certain parameters are locked during operation of the drive to prevent change. In the case that the drive is enabled, and the user tries to change the parameter, an "L" is shown on the left of the display.

6.2. Parameter List

6.2.1. Standard Parameters

Par.	Function	Page No.
P-01	Maximum Frequency / Speed Limit	26
P-02	Minimum Frequency / Speed Limit	26
P-03	Acceleration Ramp Time	26
P-04	Deceleration Ramp Time	26
P-05	Stop Mode / Mains Loss Control	27
P-06	Energy Optimiser	27
P-07	Motor Rated Voltage / kE (PM / BLDC)	25
P-08	Motor Rated Current	25
P-09	Motor Rated Frequency	25
P-10	Motor Rated Speed	25
P-11	Low Frequency Torque Boost	25
P-12	Primary Command Source	28
P-13	Application Mode	27
P-14	Extended Menu Access code	30

6.2.2. Extended Parameters

Par.	Function	Page No.
P-15	Digital Input Function	30
P-16	Analog Input 1 Format	28
P-17	Effective Switching Frequency	28
P-18	Relay Output Function	29
P-19	Relay Threshold	29
P-20	Preset Frequency / Speed 1	30
P-21	Preset Frequency / Speed 2	30
P-22	Preset Frequency / Speed 3	30
P-23	Preset Frequency / Speed 4	30
P-24	Second Ramp Time	27

Par.	Function	Page No.
P-25	Analog Output Function	29
P-26	Skip Frequency Band Width	32
P-27	Skip Frequency Center Point	32
P-28	V/F Adjustment Voltage	32
P-29	V/F Adjustment Frequency	32
P-30	Start/ Restart / Fire Mode Config	31
P-31	Keypad Start Mode	31
P-32	Index 1: DC Injection Duration	32
	Index 2: DC Injection Braking Mode	32
P-33	Spin Start Enable	32
P-34	Brake Chopper Enable (Not Size 1)	33
P-35	Analog Input 1/Slave Speed Scaling	29
P-36	Communication Configuration	34
P-37	Extended Menu Access Code	30
P-38	Parameter Lock	30
P-39	Analog Input 1 Offset	29
P-40	Index 1: Display Scaling Factor	33
	Index 2: Display Scaling Source	33
P-41	PI Proportional Gain	33
P-42	PI Integral Time	33
P-43	PI Operating Mode	33
P-44	PI Reference (Setpoint) Source	33
P-45	PI Digital Reference	33
P-46	PI Feedback Source	33
P-47	Analog Input 2 Signal Format	28
P-48	Standby Mode Timer	34
P-49	PI Error Wake Up Level	34
P-50	Relay Output Hysteresis	29

6.2.3. Advanced Parameters

Par.	Function	Page No.
P-51	Motor Control Mode	35
P-52	Auto-tune Enable	35
P-53	Vector Speed Control P-gain	35
P-54	Maximum Current Limit	34
P-55	Motor Stator Resistance	35
P-56	Motor Stator Inductance (d)	35
P-57	Motor Stator Inductance (q)	35
P-58	DC Injection Frequency / Speed	32
P-59	DC Injection Current	32
P-60	Overload Management	36
P-61	Ethernet Service Option	36
P-62	Ethernet Service Timeout	36
P-63	Modbus Mode Selection	36
P-64	IP66 DI1 Source	36
P-65	IP66 DI2 Source	36

6.3. Parameter Functions

The following sections highlight the parameters relevant to certain functions in the drive firmware. Parameters are grouped according to the function.

6.3.1. Basic Functions

Motor Nameplate Settings (relevant parameters)

Par.	Description	Minimum	Maximum	Default	Units				
P-07	Motor Rated Voltage / kE 0 250 / 500 230 / 400 V								
	For Induction Motors, this parameter should be set to the rated (nameplate) voltage of the motor (Volts).								
	For Permanent Magnet or Brushless DC Motors, it should be set to the Bac	ck EMF at rated	speed.						
P-08	Motor Rated Current	Drive	Rating Depe	ndent	Α				
	This parameter should be set to the rated (nameplate) current of the motor								
P-09	Motor Rated Frequency	10	500	50 (60)	Hz				
	This parameter should be set to the rated (nameplate) frequency of the motor.								

When commissioning the drive, it is necessary to enter certain information about the motor into the drive to ensure the drive is optimised to control the connected motor and additionally to prevent damage to the motor.

For standard induction motors, the parameters are listed below.

For alternative motor types, refer to the later relevant sections for each motor type.

Working in RPM (relevant parameters)

Par.	Description	Minimum	Maximum	Default	Units			
P-10	Motor Rated Speed	0	30000	0	RPM			
	This parameter can optionally be set to the rated (nameplate) RPM of the parameters are displayed in Hz and the slip compensation (where motor load) for the motor is disabled. Entering the value from the motor nameple display will now show motor speed in RPM. All speed related parameters will also be displayed in RPM.	speed is maintante ate enables the s	ined at a consta lip compensatio	nt value regardlen n function, and t	ess of applied he escodrives			
	NOTE If P-09 value is changed, P-10 value is reset to 0.							

escodrives EDS3 normally uses frequency for all speed related parameters, e.g. Minimum and Maximum Output Frequency. It is also possible to work directly in RPM, by setting the above parameter to the relevant rated speed from the connected motor nameplate.

When set to the default value of zero, all speed related parameters are displayed in Hz, and slip compensation for the motor is disabled. Entering the value from the motor nameplate enables the slip compensation function, and the escodrives display will also now show motor speed in RPM. All speed related parameters, such as Minimum and Maximum Speed, Preset Speeds etc. will also be displayed in RPM. **NOTE** If P-09 value is changed, P-10 value is reset to 0.

Low Frequency Torque Boost (relevant parameters)

ar.	Descript	ion		Minimum	Maximum	Default	Units		
-11	Low Frequency Torque Boost 0.0 Drive Dependent						%		
	Low frequency torque can be improved by increasing this parameter. Excessive boost levels may however result in high motor current and increased risk of tripping on Over Current or Motor Overload (refer to section 11.1. Fault Code Messages on page 56).								
	This param	eter operc	ates in conjunction with P-51 (Motor Control Mode) of	as follows:					
	P-51	P-11							
	0	0	Boost is automatically calculated according to auto	otune data.					
		>0	Voltage boost = P-11 x P-07.This voltage is applied	d at 0.0Hz, and	linearly reduced	until P-09 / 2.			
	1	All	Voltage boost = P-11 x P-07.This voltage is applied	d at 0.0Hz, and	linearly reduced	until P-09 / 2.			
	2, 3, 4	All	Boost current level = 4*P-11*P-08.						
	approxima	tely 5Hz, c	P-51 = 0 or 1, a suitable setting can usually be found by and adjusting P-11 until the motor current is approximate 30% of motor rated current.						
			50% of motor rated current.						
			50% of motor rated current.						
	Frame Size 4: 35 – 45% of motor rated current.								

Low Frequency Torque Boost is used to increase the applied motor voltage and hence current at low output frequencies. This can improve low speed and starting torque. Increasing the boost level will increase motor current at low speed, which may result in the motor temperature rising - force ventilation or additional cooling of the motor may then be required. In general, the lower the motor power, the higher the boost setting that may be safely used.

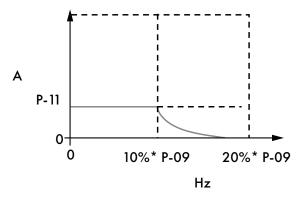
For IM motor types (P-51 = 0 or 1), the value entered determines the voltage applied to the motor at 0.0Hz relative to P-07 setting. e.g.

- P-07 = 400V
- P-11 = 2%
- Output voltage applied to the motor at 0.0Hz = 2% x 400V = 8V.

This boost voltage is then linearly reduced up to 50% of the motor rated speed (P-09).

When operating with alternative motor types (P-51 = 2, 3 or 4) this parameter is used to set an additional boost current which is injected into the motor. The actual current level is defined as 4*P-11*P-08.

This additional current is injected between 0.0Hz and 10% of rated frequency. Above this point, the boost current is reduced according to the diagram below.



Speed Limits (relevant parameters)

These parameters define the range of output frequency and therefore the speed range through which the drive will operate. As described above:

- If P-10 = 0, Values are Hz
- If P-10 <> 0, Values are RPM

Dependent on the speed reference selection, the operation will be as follows:

For Analog Speed Reference: Applying 0% analog signal results in the speed reference of P-02. Applying 100% signal results in the speed reference of P-01. Scaling between these points is linear.

Scaling may be adjusted on Analog Input 1 only using the AI1 Scaling & Offset function shown on page 29. The value used for the speed reference:

Par.	Description	Minimum	Maximum	Default	Units
P-01	Maximum Frequency / Speed Limit	P-02	500.0	50.0 (60.0)	Hz / RPM
	Maximum output frequency or motor speed limit – Hz or RPM. If P-10 >0	, the value entere	ed / displayed i	s in RPM.	
P-02	Minimum Frequency / Speed Limit	0.0	P-01	20.0	Hz / RPM
	Minimum speed limit – Hz or RPM. If P-10 >0, the value entered / displa	yed is in RPM.			

Acceleration and Deceleration (relevant parameters)

Par.	Description	Minimum	Maximum	Default	Units
P-03	Acceleration Ramp Time	0.00	600.0	5.0	5
	Acceleration ramp time from zero Hz / RPM to base frequency (P-09) in	seconds.			
P-04	Deceleration Ramp Time	0.00	600.0	5.0	S
	-24 is used.				

Second Deceleration Time

Par.	Description	Minimum	Maximum	Default	Units
P-24	Second Ramp Time (Fast Stop)	0.00	6000.0	0.0	S
	This parameter allows an alternative deceleration ramp down time to be digital inputs (dependent on the setting of P-15) or selected automatically When set to 0.00, the drive will coast to stop.	programmed inte in the case of a	o the escodrives, mains power los	, which can be se ss if P-05 = 2 or	elected by 3.

Stopping Mode

Par.	Description		Minimum	Maximum	Default	Units		
P-05	Stop Mode /	' Mains Loss Control	0	4	0	-		
	Selects the stop	ping mode of the drive, and the behaviour in response to a	a loss of mains power supply during operation.					
	Setting	On Disable	On Mains Loss					
	0	Ramp to Stop (P-O4)	Ride Through (F	Recover energy f	rom load to mair	ntain operation)		
	1	Coast	Coast					
	2	Ramp to Stop (P-O4)	Fast Ramp to S	top (P-24), Coa	st if P-24 = 0			
	3	Ramp to Stop (P-O4) with AC Flux Braking	Fast Ramp to Stop (P-24), Coast if P-24 = 0					
	4	Ramp to Stop (P-O4)	No action					

Energy Optimisier

This parameter configures the energy saving functions of the drive as follows:

Motor Energy Optimisation: Reduces energy losses in the motor under part load conditions by reducing motor flux. This function should not be used in applications which have large sudden load step changes, or for PI control applications, as it may cause instability in the control or over current trip.

Drive Energy Optimiser: Reduces the energy losses in the drive at higher output frequencies by reducing switching losses. This may lead to vibration or instability in the motor under light load conditions.

Par.	Description			Minimum	Maximum	Default	Units
P-06	Energy Optim	niser	0	3	0	-	
	Setting	Motor Energy Optimiser	Drive Energy	Optimiser			
	0	Disabled	Disabled				
	1	Enabled	Disabled				
	2	Disabled	Enabled				
	3	Enabled	Enabled				

Application Macros (relevant parameters)

Par.	Description				Minimum	Maximum	Default	Units			
P-13	Application	Mode			0	2	0	-			
	Provides a quick the table.	Provides a quick set up to configure key parameters according to the intended application of the drive. Parameters are preset according to the table.									
	0: Industrial	Mode. Intended fo	r general purpose a	pplications.							
	1: Pump Mode. Intended for centrifugal pump applications.										
	2: Fan Mode.	Intended for Fan ap	oplications.								
	Setting	Application	Current Limit (P-54)	Torque Charac	cteristic	Spin Start (P-33)	Thermal Ov Reaction (P-				
	0	General	150%	Constant		0: Off	O: Trip				
	1	Pump	110%	Variable		0: Off	1: Current Limit	Reduction			
	2 Fan 110% Variable					2: On	1: Current limit	Reduction			

6.3.2 Control Modes

Par.	Description	Minimum	Maximum	Default	Units				
P-12	Primary Command Source	0	9	0	-				
	O: Terminal control. The drive responds directly to signals applied to the control terminals.								
	1: Keypad control - uni-directional. The drive can be controlled in the forward direction only using the internal keypad, or an external remote Keypad.								
	2: Keypad control - bi-directional. The drive can be controlled in the external remote Keypad. Pressing the keypad START button toggles between			using the interna	ll keypad, or a				
	3: Modbus RTU control with internal ramps active. Control via Accel / Decel ramps.	a Modbus RTU ((RS485) using the	e internal					
	4: Modbus RTU control with internal ramps inactive. Control Accel / Decel ramps updated via Modbus.	via Modbus RTI	U (RS485) interfo	ice with					
	5: PI control. User PI control with external feedback signal.								
	6: PI control added to analog input 1. PI control with external fee	dback signal ar	nd summation wit	h analog input [°]	1.				
	7: CANopen control with internal ramps active. Control via CA	AN (RS485) usii	ng the internal Ac	cel / Decel rar	nps.				
	8: CANopen control with internal ramps inactive. Control via via CAN.	CAN (RS485) i	interface with Aco	cel / Decel ram	ps updated				
	9: Slave mode. Control via a connected esco drive in Master Mode.	Slave drive add	dress must be > 1						
	NOTE When P-12 = 1, 2, 3, 4, 7, 8 or 9, an enable signal must still be provided at the control terminals, digital input 1.								

6.3.3 Input and Output Functions

Analog Inputs - Format (relevant parameters)

Par.	Description	Minimum	Maximum	Default	Units				
-16	Analog Input 1 Format	See B	elow	In-pot	-				
	D I-D = Uni-polar 0 to 10 Volt Signal. The drive will remain at minimum speed (P-O2) if the analog reference after scaling and offset are applied is =<0.0%. 100% signal means the output frequency / speed will be the value set in P-O1. D I-D = Uni-polar 0 to 10 Volt Signal, bi-directional operation. The drive will operate the motor in the reverse direction of rotation if the analog reference after scaling and offset are applied is <0.0%. E.g. for bidirectional control from a 0 – 10 volt signal, set P-35 = 200.0%, P-39 = 50.0%. D 2-D = 0 to 20mA Signal. D 2-U = 0 to 20mA Signal, the escodrives will trip and show the fault code D 2- Y F 500ms after the signal level falls below 3mA. r D 2- Y t = 4 to 20mA Signal, the escodrives will run at Preset Speed 1 (P-20 if the signal level falls below 3mA. r U 2- U = 20 to 4mA Signal, the escodrives will run at Preset Speed 1 (P-20 if the signal level falls below 3mA. r U - D 2 = 20 to 4mA Signal, the escodrives will run at Preset Speed 1 (P-20 if the signal level falls below 3mA. r U - D 2 = 10 to 0 Volt Signal, the escodrives will run at Preset Speed 1 (P-20 if the signal level falls below 3mA. r U - D 2 = 10 to 0 Volt Signal (Uni-polar). The drive will operate at Maximum Frequency / Speed if the analog reference after								
	scaling and offset are applied is =<0.0%.								
-17	IntoP- = Integrated Potentiometer.	Δ	32	8					
- 17			32 arameter is viewe	8 ed, the switching	kHz				
-17 -47	I nEoP- = Integrated Potentiometer. Effective Switching Frequency Sets maximum effective switching frequency of the drive. If "rEd" is display	yed when the po		-	kHz				

Analog Inputs - Al1 Scaling & Offset (relevant parameters)

Par.	Description	Minimum	Maximum	Default	Units		
P-35	Analog Input 1/Slave Speed Scaling	0.0	2000.0	100.0	%		
	Analog Input 1 Scaling. The analog input signal level is multiplied by scaling factor is set to 200.0%, a 5 volt input will result in the drive running				, and the		
	Slave Speed Scaling. When operating in Slave Mode (P-12 = 9), the multiplied by this factor, limited by the minimum and maximum speeds.	e operating spee	d of the drive wi	ll be the Master	speed		
P-39	Analog Input 1 Offset	-500.0	500.0	0.0	%		
	Sets an offset, as a percentage of the full scale range of the input, which is applied to the analog input signal. This parameter operates in conjunction with P-35, and the resultant value can be displayed in POO-01.						
	The resultant value is defined as a percentage, according to the following: POO-01 = (Applied Signal Level(%) - P-39) x P-35).						

Relay Output Functions (relevant parameters)

Par.	Description	Minimum	Maximum	Default	Units			
P-18	Relay Output Function	0	12	1	-			
	Selects the function assigned to the relay output. The relay has two output terminals, Logic 1 indicates the relay is active, and therefore terminals 10 and 11 will be connected.							
	0: Drive running. Logic 1 when the motor is enabled.							
	1: Drive healthy. Logic 1 when power is applied to the drive and no	fault exists.						
	2: At speed. Logic 1 when the output frequency matches the setpoint fr	equency.						
	3: Drive tripped. Logic 1 when the drive is in a fault condition.							
	4: Motor speed >= limit. Logic 1 when the output frequency exceeds the adjustable limit set in P-19.							
	5: Motor current >=limit. Logic 1 when the motor current exceeds the adjustable limit set in P-19.							
	6: Motor speed <limit. 1="" below="" frequency="" is="" logic="" output="" t<="" td="" the="" when=""><td>he adjustable lim</td><td>it set in P-19.</td><td></td><td></td></limit.>	he adjustable lim	it set in P-19.					
	7: Motor current < limit. Logic 1 when the motor current is below the	adjustable limit s	set in P-19.					
	8: Analog input 2 >=limit. Logic 1 when the signal applied to analog	input 2 exceeds t	he adjustable limi	it set in P-19.				
	9: Drive ready to run. Logic 1 when the drive is ready to run, no trip present.							
	10: Fire Mode Active. Logic 1 when Fire Mode is activated.							
	11: Output Frequency > Limit and not Fire Mode. As setting 4 however the output relay state does not change if the drive is in Fire Mode.							
	12: Fieldbus. Status is controlled by bit 8 of the fieldbus control word. I	,	,					
P-19	Relay Threshold	0.0	200.0	100.0	%			
	Adjustable threshold used in conjunction with settings 4 to 7 of P-18 and I	P-25.						
P-50	Relay Output Hysteresis	0.0	100.0	0.0	%			
	Sets the hysteresis level for P-19 to prevent the output relay chattering whe	en close to the th	reshold.					

Analog Output Functions (relevant parameters)

Par.	Description	Minimum	Maximum	Default	Units				
P-25	Analog Output Function	0	12	8	-				
	Digital Output Mode. Logic 1 = +24V DC								
	O: Drive running. Logic 1 when the escodrives is enabled (Running).								
	1: Drive healthy. Logic 1 When no Fault condition exists on the drive.								
	2: At speed. Logic 1 when the output frequency matches the setpoint frequency.								
	3: Drive tripped. Logic 1 when the drive is in a fault condition.								
	4: Motor speed >= limit. Logic 1 when the output frequency exceed	s the adjustable	limit set in P-19.						
	5: Motor current >=limit. Logic 1 when the motor current exceeds the								
	6: Motor speed < limit. Logic 1 when the output frequency is below the adjustable limit set in P-19.								
	7: Motor current < limit. Logic 1 when the motor current is below the adjustable limit set in P-19.								
	Analog Output Mode								
	8: Motor speed. 0 to P-01, resolution 0.1 Hz.								
	9: Motor current. 0 to 200% of P-08, resolution 0.1 A.								
	10: Motor power. 0 – 200% of drive rated power.								
	11: Motor torque. 0 – 200% of P-08, resolution 0.1A.								
	12: Fieldbus Digital. Status is controlled by PDOO Bit 9.								
	13: Fieldbus Analog. Analog output value set by PDO2 value, 0 – 4	.096.	1						
P-19	Relay Threshold	0.0	200.0	100.0	%				
	Adjustable threshold level used in conjunction with settings 4 to 8 of P-25								
P-66	Analog Output Limit	0.0	200.0	0.0	%				
	Adjustable threshold used in conjunction with parameter P-25 (Analog O	utput Function Se	elect) set to 4, 5,	6 or 7.					
	If P-66 = 0.0%, P-19 (Relay Threshold Level) sets the threshold and P-66 is	disabled							

6.3.4. Common Functions

Parameter Access Control and Locking (relevant parameters)

Par.	Description	Minimum	Maximum	Default	Units		
P-14	Extended Menu Access	0	65535	0	-		
	Enables access to Extended and Advanced Parameter Groups. This para 101) to view and adjust Extended Parameters and value of P-37 + 100 to changed by the user in P-37 if desired.						
P-37	Extended Menu Access Code	0	9999	101	-		
	Defines the access code which must be entered in P-14 to access parame	eters above P-14					
P-38	Parameter Lock	0	1	0	-		
	O: Unlocked. All parameters can be accessed and changed.						
	1: Locked. Parameter values can be displayed, but cannot be changed except P-38.						

Local/Remote (relevant parameters)

Par.	Description	Minimum	Maximum	Default	Units
P-15	Digital Input Function	0	19	0	-
	Defines the function of the digital inputs depending on the control mode se Configurations on page 40 for more information.	etting in P-12. Se	e section 7. Ana	log and Digital I	nput Macro

Preset Speeds (relevant parameters)

Par.	Description	Minimum	Maximum	Default	Units		
P-15	Digital Input Function Select	0	19	0	-		
	Defines the function of the digital inputs depending on the control mode so Configurations on page 40 for more information.	etting in P-12. Se	e section 7. Ana	log and Digital	Input Macro		
P-20	Preset Frequency / Speed 1	-P-01	P-01	5.0	Hz / RPM		
P-21	Preset Frequency / Speed 2	-P-01	P-01	25.0	Hz / RPM		
P-22	Preset Frequency / Speed 3	-P-01	P-01	40.0	Hz / RPM		
P-23	Preset Frequency / Speed 4	-P-01	P-01	P-09	Hz / RPM		
	Preset Speeds / Frequencies selected by digital inputs depending on the setting of P-15.						
	If P-10 = 0, the values are entered as Hz. If P-10 > 0, the values are entered as RPM.						
	NOTE Changing the value of P-09 will reset all values to factory default settings.						

Start Mode, Auto Restart and Fire Mode (relevant parameters)

Par.	Description	Minimum	Maximum	Default	Units
P-15	Digital Input Function	0	19	0	-
	Defines the function of the digital inputs depending on the control mode so Configurations on page 40 for more information.	etting in P-12. Se	e section 7. Ana	log and Digital	Input Macro

Par.	Description	Minimum	Maximum	Default	Units			
P-30	Start/ Restart / Fire Mode Configuration							
	Index 1: Start Mode / Auto Restart	N/A	N/A	Edge-r	-			
	Selects whether the drive should start automatically if the enable input is p Automatic Restart function.		01		~			
	Edge-r: Following Power on or reset, the drive will not start if Digital Inpr or reset to start the drive.	ut 1 remains close	ed. The Input mu	st be closed aft	er a power o			
	AULD-D: Following a Power On or Reset, the drive will automatically star	0						
	AULO- I TO AULO- 5: Following a trip, the drive will make up to 5 attempt attempts are counted, and if the drive fails to start on the final attempt, the reset the fault. The drive must be powered down to reset the counter.							
	Index 2: Fire Mode Input Logic	ο	1	0	-			
	Defines the operating logic when a setting of P-15 is used which includes	Fire Mode, e.g.	settings 15, 16 &	k 17.				
	0: n.C: Normally Closed (NC) Input. Fire Mode active if input is a	pen.	U					
	1: n.O: Normally Open (NO) Input. Fire Mode active if input is c	losed.						
	2: F-N.C: Normally Closed (NC) Input, Fixed Speed. Fire Mode active if input is open. Fire Mode Speed is Preset Speed 4 (P-23).							
			o oponi i no i no		opeed i			
					·			
	(P-23). 3: F-N.O: Normally Open (NO) Input, Fixed Speed. Fire Mod				·			
	(P-23). 3: F-N.O: Normally Open (NO) Input, Fixed Speed. Fire Mod (P-23).	de active if input i	s closed. Fire M	ode Speed is P	·			
	(P-23). 3: F-N.O: Normally Open (NO) Input, Fixed Speed. Fire Mod (P-23). Index 3: Fire Mode Input Latch	de active if input i 0 Mode, e.g. setting put signal remain	s closed. Fire M 1 gs 15, 16 & 17. s	ode Speed is P	·			
	 (P-23). 3: F-N.O: Normally Open (NO) Input, Fixed Speed. Fire Mod (P-23). Index 3: Fire Mode Input Latch Defines the input type when a setting of P-15 is used which includes Fire NO: Off. The drive will remain in Fire Mode, only as long the fire mode in 	de active if input i 0 Mode, e.g. setting out signal remain. on Index 2 settin nally Open or N	s closed. Fire M 1 gs 15, 16 & 17. s g). ormally Closed	ode Speed is P	reset Speed			
-31	 (P-23). 3: F-N.O: Normally Open (NO) Input, Fixed Speed. Fire Mod (P-23). Index 3: Fire Mode Input Latch Defines the input type when a setting of P-15 is used which includes Fire NO: Off. The drive will remain in Fire Mode, only as long the fire mode in (Normally Open or Normally Closed operation is supported depending 1: On. Fire Mode is activated by a momentary signal on the input. Norr 	de active if input i 0 Mode, e.g. setting out signal remain. on Index 2 settin nally Open or N	s closed. Fire M 1 gs 15, 16 & 17. s g). ormally Closed	ode Speed is P	reset Speed			
-31	 (P-23). 3: F-N.O: Normally Open (NO) Input, Fixed Speed. Fire Mode (P-23). Index 3: Fire Mode Input Latch Defines the input type when a setting of P-15 is used which includes Fire NO: Off. The drive will remain in Fire Mode, only as long the fire mode in (Normally Open or Normally Closed operation is supported depending 1: On. Fire Mode is activated by a momentary signal on the input. Norr depending on Index 2 setting. The drive will remain in Fire Mode until distance. 	de active if input i O Mode, e.g. setting out signal remain: on Index 2 settin nally Open or N abled or powere O 2 = 1 or 2) or Ma terminals 1 and 2	s closed. Fire M 1 gs 15, 16 & 17. s g). ormally Closed d off. 7 podbus Mode (P- must be linked to	ode Speed is P O operation is sup 12 = 3 or 4). W ogether. Settings	Preset Speed			
-31	 (P-23). 3: F-N.O: Normally Open (NO) Input, Fixed Speed. Fire Mode (P-23). Index 3: Fire Mode Input Latch Defines the input type when a setting of P-15 is used which includes Fire NO: Off. The drive will remain in Fire Mode, only as long the fire mode in (Normally Open or Normally Closed operation is supported depending 1: On. Fire Mode is activated by a momentary signal on the input. Norr depending on Index 2 setting. The drive will remain in Fire Mode until dis Keypad Start Mode This parameter is active only when operating in Keypad Control Mode (P-1), 4 or 5 are used, the Keypad Start and Stop keys are active, and control 	de active if input i O Mode, e.g. setting out signal remain: on Index 2 settin nally Open or N abled or powere O 2 = 1 or 2) or Ma terminals 1 and 2	s closed. Fire M 1 gs 15, 16 & 17. s g). ormally Closed d off. 7 podbus Mode (P- must be linked to	ode Speed is P O operation is sup 12 = 3 or 4). W ogether. Settings	Preset Speed			
31	 (P-23). 3: F-N.O: Normally Open (NO) Input, Fixed Speed. Fire Mode (P-23). Index 3: Fire Mode Input Latch Defines the input type when a setting of P-15 is used which includes Fire NO: Off. The drive will remain in Fire Mode, only as long the fire mode in (Normally Open or Normally Closed operation is supported depending 1: On. Fire Mode is activated by a momentary signal on the input. Norr depending on Index 2 setting. The drive will remain in Fire Mode until dis Keypad Start Mode This parameter is active only when operating in Keypad Control Mode (P-1 1, 4 or 5 are used, the Keypad Start and Stop keys are active, and control allow the drive to be started from the control terminals directly, and the keypad 	de active if input i O Mode, e.g. setting out signal remain: on Index 2 settin nally Open or N abled or powere O 2 = 1 or 2) or Ma terminals 1 and 2	s closed. Fire M 1 gs 15, 16 & 17. s g). ormally Closed d off. 7 podbus Mode (P- must be linked to	ode Speed is P O operation is sup 12 = 3 or 4). W ogether. Settings	Preset Speed			
.31	 (P-23). 3: F-N.O: Normally Open (NO) Input, Fixed Speed. Fire Mode (P-23). Index 3: Fire Mode Input Latch Defines the input type when a setting of P-15 is used which includes Fire Mode (P-23). O: Off. The drive will remain in Fire Mode, only as long the fire mode in (Normally Open or Normally Closed operation is supported depending 1: On. Fire Mode is activated by a momentary signal on the input. Norr depending on Index 2 setting. The drive will remain in Fire Mode until dis Keypad Start Mode This parameter is active only when operating in Keypad Control Mode (P-1), 4 or 5 are used, the Keypad Start and Stop keys are active, and control allow the drive to be started from the control terminals directly, and the keypad Start Mode O: Minimum speed, keypad start 	de active if input i O Mode, e.g. setting out signal remain: on Index 2 settin nally Open or N abled or powere O 2 = 1 or 2) or Ma terminals 1 and 2	s closed. Fire M 1 gs 15, 16 & 17. s g). ormally Closed d off. 7 podbus Mode (P- must be linked to	ode Speed is P O operation is sup 12 = 3 or 4). W ogether. Settings	Preset Speed			
.31	 (P-23). 3: F-N.O: Normally Open (NO) Input, Fixed Speed. Fire Mode (P-23). Index 3: Fire Mode Input Latch Defines the input type when a setting of P-15 is used which includes Fire NO: Off. The drive will remain in Fire Mode, only as long the fire mode in (Normally Open or Normally Closed operation is supported depending 1: On. Fire Mode is activated by a momentary signal on the input. Norr depending on Index 2 setting. The drive will remain in Fire Mode until dis Keypad Start Mode This parameter is active only when operating in Keypad Control Mode (P-1), 4 or 5 are used, the Keypad Start and Stop keys are active, and control allow the drive to be started from the control terminals directly, and the keypad Start 1: Previous speed, keypad start 	de active if input i O Mode, e.g. setting out signal remain: on Index 2 settin nally Open or N abled or powere O 2 = 1 or 2) or Ma terminals 1 and 2	s closed. Fire M 1 gs 15, 16 & 17. s g). ormally Closed d off. 7 podbus Mode (P- must be linked to	ode Speed is P O operation is sup 12 = 3 or 4). W ogether. Settings	Preset Speed			
-31	 (P-23). 3: F-N.O: Normally Open (NO) Input, Fixed Speed. Fire Mode (P-23). Index 3: Fire Mode Input Latch Defines the input type when a setting of P-15 is used which includes Fire NO: Off. The drive will remain in Fire Mode, only as long the fire mode in (Normally Open or Normally Closed operation is supported depending 1: On. Fire Mode is activated by a momentary signal on the input. Norr depending on Index 2 setting. The drive will remain in Fire Mode until dis Keypad Start Mode This parameter is active only when operating in Keypad Control Mode (P-1), 4 or 5 are used, the Keypad Start and Stop keys are active, and control allow the drive to be started from the control terminals directly, and the keyp 0: Minimum speed, keypad start 1: Previous speed, terminal start 	de active if input i O Mode, e.g. setting out signal remain: on Index 2 settin nally Open or N abled or powere O 2 = 1 or 2) or Ma terminals 1 and 2	s closed. Fire M 1 gs 15, 16 & 17. s g). ormally Closed d off. 7 podbus Mode (P- must be linked to	ode Speed is P O operation is sup 12 = 3 or 4). W ogether. Settings	Preset Speed			
-31	 (P-23). 3: F-N.O: Normally Open (NO) Input, Fixed Speed. Fire Mode (P-23). Index 3: Fire Mode Input Latch Defines the input type when a setting of P-15 is used which includes Fire NO: Off. The drive will remain in Fire Mode, only as long the fire mode in (Normally Open or Normally Closed operation is supported depending 1: On. Fire Mode is activated by a momentary signal on the input. Norr depending on Index 2 setting. The drive will remain in Fire Mode until dis Keypad Start Mode This parameter is active only when operating in Keypad Control Mode (P-1 1, 4 or 5 are used, the Keypad Start and Stop keys are active, and control allow the drive to be started from the control terminals directly, and the keyp O: Minimum speed, keypad start 1: Previous speed, terminal start 3: Previous speed, terminal start 	de active if input i O Mode, e.g. setting out signal remain: on Index 2 settin nally Open or N abled or powere O 2 = 1 or 2) or Ma terminals 1 and 2	s closed. Fire M 1 gs 15, 16 & 17. s g). ormally Closed d off. 7 podbus Mode (P- must be linked to	ode Speed is P O operation is sup 12 = 3 or 4). W ogether. Settings	Preset Speed			
-31	 (P-23). 3: F-N.O: Normally Open (NO) Input, Fixed Speed. Fire Mode (P-23). Index 3: Fire Mode Input Latch Defines the input type when a setting of P-15 is used which includes Fire NO: Off. The drive will remain in Fire Mode, only as long the fire mode in (Normally Open or Normally Closed operation is supported depending 1: On. Fire Mode is activated by a momentary signal on the input. Norr depending on Index 2 setting. The drive will remain in Fire Mode until dis Keypad Start Mode This parameter is active only when operating in Keypad Control Mode (P-1 1, 4 or 5 are used, the Keypad Start and Stop keys are active, and control allow the drive to be started from the control terminals directly, and the keyp O: Minimum speed, keypad start 1: Previous speed, terminal start 3: Previous speed, terminal start 4: Current speed, keypad start 	de active if input i O Mode, e.g. setting out signal remain: on Index 2 settin nally Open or N abled or powere O 2 = 1 or 2) or Ma terminals 1 and 2	s closed. Fire M 1 gs 15, 16 & 17. s g). ormally Closed d off. 7 podbus Mode (P- must be linked to	ode Speed is P O operation is sup 12 = 3 or 4). W ogether. Settings	Preset Speed			

Fire Mode

The Fire Mode function is designed to ensure continuous operation of the drive in emergency conditions until the drive is no longer capable of sustaining operation. The Fire Mode input may be a normally open (Close to Activate Fire Mode) or Normally Closed (Open to Activate Fire Mode) according to the setting of P-30 Index 2. In addition, the input may be momentary or maintained type, selected by P-30 Index 3.

This input may be linked to a fire control system to allow maintained operation in emergency conditions, e.g. to clear smoke or maintain air quality within that building.

The fire mode function is enabled when P-15 = 15, 16, 17 or 18, with Digital Input 3 assigned to activate fire mode.

Fire Mode disables the following protection features in the drive:

O-t (Heat-sink Over-Temperature), U-t (Drive Under Temperature), Th-FLt (Faulty Thermistor on Heat-sink), E-trip (External Trip), 4-20 F (4-20mA fault), Ph-Ib (Phase Imbalance), P-Loss (Input Phase Loss Trip), SC-trp (Communications Loss Trip), I.t-trp (Accumulated overload Trip).

The following faults will result in a drive trip, auto reset and restart:

O-Volt (Over Voltage on DC Bus), U-Volt (Under Voltage on DC Bus), h O-I (Fast Over-current Trip), O-I (Instantaneous over current on drive output), Out-F (Drive output fault, Output stage trip).

Switching Frequency Selection (relevant parameters)

Par.	Description	Minimum	Maximum	Default	Units
P-17	Effective Switching Frequency	4	32	8	kHz
	Sets maximum effective switching frequency of the drive. If "rEd" is display been reduced to the level in POO-32 due to excessive drive heatsink temp		rameter is viewed	d, the switching f	requency has

Skip Frequency (relevant parameters)

Par.	Description	Minimum	Maximum	Default	Units
P-26	Skip Frequency Band Width	0.0	P-01	0.0	Hz / RPM
P-27	Skip Frequency Center Point	0.0	P-01	0.0	Hz / RPM
	The Skip Frequency function is used to avoid the escodrives operating at	a certain output	frequency for ex	rample at a frea	uency which

The Skip Frequency function is used to avoid the escodrives operating at a certain output frequency, for example at a frequency which causes mechanical resonance in a particular machine. Parameter P-27 defines the centre point of the skip frequency band, and is used in conjunction with P-26. The escodrives output frequency will ramp through the defined band at the rates set in P-03 and P-04 respectively, and will not hold any output frequency within the defined band. If the frequency reference applied to the drive is within the band, the escodrives output frequency will remain at the upper or lower limit of the band.

V/F Characteristic Adjustment (relevant parameters)

Par.	Description	Minimum	Maximum	Default	Units
P-28	V/F Characteristic Adjustment Voltage	0	P-07	0	v
P-29	V/F Characteristic Adjustment Voltage	0.0	P-09	0.0	Hz
	This parameter in conjunction with P-28 sets a frequency point at which the to avoid overheating and damaging the motor when using this feature.	voltage set in P-	29 is applied to t	he motor. Care r	nust be taken

DC Injection Braking (relevant parameters)

Par.	Description	Minimum	Maximum	Default	Units		
P-32	Index 1: DC Injection Duration	0.0	25.0	0.0	S		
	Index 2: DC Injection Braking Mode	0	2	0	-		
	Determined by Autotune, adjustment is not normally required.				•		
P-58	DC Injection Frequency / Speed	0.0	P-01	0.0	Hz / RPM		
	Sets the speed at which DC injection current is applied during braking to Stop, allowing DC to be injected before the drive reaches zero speed if desired.						
P-59	DC Injection Current	0.0	100.0	20.0	%		
	Sets the level of DC injection braking current applied according to the conditions set in P-32 and P-58.						

Spin Start (relevant parameters)

Par.	Description	Minimum	Maximum	Default	Units
P-33	0	-			
	0: Disabled				
	1: Enabled. When enabled, on start up the drive will attempt to determi motor from its current speed. A short delay may be observed when starting			g, and will begin	to control the
	2: Enabled on Trip, Brown Out or Coast Stop. Spin start is only	activated follow	ing the events list	ed, otherwise it i	s disabled.

Par.	Description	Minimum	Maximum	Default	Units			
P-34	Brake Chopper Enable (Not Size 1)	0	4	0	-			
	0: Disabled							
	1: Enabled with software protection. Brake chopper enabled wi	1: Enabled with software protection. Brake chopper enabled with software protection for a 200W continuous rated resistor.						
	2: Enabled without software protection. Enables the internal bro protection device should be fitted.	2: Enabled without software protection. Enables the internal brake chopper without software protection. An external thermal						
	3: Enabled with software protection on speed change only. As setting 1, however the Brake Chopper is only enabled during a change of the frequency setpoint, and is disabled during constant speed operation.							
	4: Enabled without software protection on speed change only. As setting 2, however the Brake Chopper is only enabled							

4: Enabled Without sortware protection on speed change only. As setting 2, nowever the Brake Chopper is only en during a change of the frequency setpoint, and is disabled during constant speed operation.

Display Scaling (relevant parameters)

Par.	Description	Minimum	Maximum	Default	Units		
P-40	Index 1: Display Scaling Control	0.000	16.000	0.000	-		
	Index 2: Display Scaling Source	0	3	0	-		
	Allows the user to program the escodrives to display an alternative output unit scaled from either output frequency (Hz), Motor Speed (RPM) or the signal level of PI feedback when operating in PI Mode.						
	Index 1: Used to set the scaling multiplier. The chosen source value is multiplied by this factor.						
	Index 2: Defines the scaling source as follows:						
	O: Motor Speed. Scaling is applied to the output frequency if P-10 = 0, or motor RPM if P-10 > 0.						
	1: Motor Current. Scaling is applied to the motor current value (Amps).						
	2: Analog Input 2 Signal Level. Scaling is applied to analog input 2 signal level, internally represented as 0 – 100.0%.						
	3: PI Feedback. Scaling is applied to the PI feedback selected by P-46, internally represented as 0 – 100.0%.						

PI Control (relevant parameters)

Par.	Description	Minimum	Maximum	Default	Units		
P-41	Pl Proportional Gain	0.0	30.0	1.0	-		
	PI Controller Proportional Gain. Higher values provide a greater change feedback signal. Too high a value can cause instability.	in the drive outpu	ut frequency in re	sponse to small	changes in th		
P-42	Pl Integral Time	0.0	30.0	1.0	S		
	PI Controller Integral Time. Larger values provide a more damped respor	nse for systems wl	here the overall p	rocess responds	slowly.		
P-43	PI Operating Mode	0	3	0	-		
	0: Direct Operation. Use this mode if when the feedback signal drop						
	 Inverse Operation. Use this mode if when the feedback signal dr Direct Operation, Wake at Full Speed. As setting 0, but on re 						
	3: Inverse Operation, Wake at Full Speed. As setting 1, but on						
P-44	PI Reference (Setpoint) Source	0	1	0	-		
	Selects the source for the PID Reference / Setpoint.						
	Selects the source for the PID Reference / Setpoint. 0: Digital Preset Setpoint. P-45 is used.						
		n POO-01 is used	for the setpoint.				
	O: Digital Preset Setpoint. P-45 is used.						
P-45	0: Digital Preset Setpoint. P-45 is used.1: Analog Input 1 Setpoint. Analog input 1 signal level, readable in			0.0	%		
P-45	 0: Digital Preset Setpoint. P-45 is used. 1: Analog Input 1 Setpoint. Analog input 1 signal level, readable in 2: Fieldbus. The setpoint is determined by fieldbus PDO2 (Modbus RT) 	U register 3) valu 0.0	ie.				
	O: Digital Preset Setpoint. P-45 is used. 1: Analog Input 1 Setpoint. Analog input 1 signal level, readable in 2: Fieldbus. The setpoint is determined by fieldbus PDO2 (Modbus RT PI Digital Reference	U register 3) valu 0.0	ie.				
	 O: Digital Preset Setpoint. P-45 is used. 1: Analog Input 1 Setpoint. Analog input 1 signal level, readable is 2: Fieldbus. The setpoint is determined by fieldbus PDO2 (Modbus RT PI Digital Reference When P-44 = 0, this parameter sets the preset digital reference (setpoint) 	U register 3) valu 0.0 used for the PI C	ie. 100.0 Controller as a % c	of the feedback			
	O: Digital Preset Setpoint. P-45 is used. 1: Analog Input 1 Setpoint. Analog input 1 signal level, readable is 2: Fieldbus. The setpoint is determined by fieldbus PDO2 (Modbus RT PI Digital Reference When P-44 = 0, this parameter sets the preset digital reference (setpoint) PI Feedback Source	U register 3) valu 0.0 used for the PI C	ie. 100.0 Controller as a % c	of the feedback			
	O: Digital Preset Setpoint. P-45 is used. 1: Analog Input 1 Setpoint. Analog input 1 signal level, readable is 2: Fieldbus. The setpoint is determined by fieldbus PDO2 (Modbus RT PI Digital Reference When P-44 = 0, this parameter sets the preset digital reference (setpoint) PI Feedback Source Selects the source of the feedback signal to be used by the PI controller.	U register 3) valu 0.0 used for the PI C	ie. 100.0 Controller as a % c	of the feedback			
	 O: Digital Preset Setpoint. P-45 is used. 1: Analog Input 1 Setpoint. Analog input 1 signal level, readable in 2: Fieldbus. The setpoint is determined by fieldbus PDO2 (Modbus RT PI Digital Reference When P-44 = 0, this parameter sets the preset digital reference (setpoint) PI Feedback Source Selects the source of the feedback signal to be used by the PI controller. O: Analog Input 2 (Terminal 4) Signal level readable in PO0-02. 	U register 3) valu 0.0 used for the PI C	ie. 100.0 Controller as a % c	of the feedback			
	 O: Digital Preset Setpoint. P-45 is used. 1: Analog Input 1 Setpoint. Analog input 1 signal level, readable in 2: Fieldbus. The setpoint is determined by fieldbus PDO2 (Modbus RT PI Digital Reference When P-44 = 0, this parameter sets the preset digital reference (setpoint) PI Feedback Source Selects the source of the feedback signal to be used by the PI controller. O: Analog Input 2 (Terminal 4) Signal level readable in PO0-02. 1: Analog Input 1 (Terminal 6) Signal level readable in PO0-01. 	U register 3) valu 0.0 used for the PI C	ie. 100.0 Controller as a % c	of the feedback			
P-45 P-46	 O: Digital Preset Setpoint. P-45 is used. 1: Analog Input 1 Setpoint. Analog input 1 signal level, readable in 2: Fieldbus. The setpoint is determined by fieldbus PDO2 (Modbus RT PI Digital Reference When P-44 = 0, this parameter sets the preset digital reference (setpoint) PI Feedback Source Selects the source of the feedback signal to be used by the PI controller. O: Analog Input 2 (Terminal 4) Signal level readable in PO0-02. 1: Analog Input 1 (Terminal 6) Signal level readable in PO0-01. 2: Motor Current Scaled as % of P-08. 	U register 3) valu 0.0 used for the PI C 0 m Analog 1 to gi	re. 100.0 Controller as a % c 5 ive a differential s	of the feedback s	signal.		

Standby Mode & Wake Up (relevant parameters)

Par.	Description	Minimum	Maximum	Default	Units		
P-48	Standby Mode Timer	0.0	25.0	0.0	S		
	When standby mode is enabled by setting P-48 > 0.0, the drive will enter O2) for the time set in P-48. When in Standby Mode, the drive display sho						
P-49	PI Error Wake Up Level	0.0	100.0	5.0	%		
F-47	When the drive is operating in PI Control Mode (P-12 = 5 or 6), and Standby Mode is enabled (P-48 > 0.0), P-49 can be used to define the PI Error Level (E.g. difference between the setpoint and feedback) required before the drive restarts after entering Standby Mode. This allows the drive to ignore small feedback errors and remain in Standby mode until the feedback drops sufficiently.						

Serial Communication Configuration

Par.	Description	Minimum	Maximum	Default	Units			
P-36	Serial Communications Configuration	See Below						
	Index 1 : Drive Address	1	63	1	-			
	Index 2 : Comms Type & Baud Rate	9.6	1000	115.2	kbps			
	Index 3 : Communication Loss Timeout	0	60000	300	ms			
	This parameter has three sub settings used to configure the Modbus RTU Serial Communications. The Sub Parameters are:							
	Index 1 : Drive Address : Range : 0 – 63, default : 1							
	Index 2: Comms Type & Baud Rate: Selects the Baud Rate and network type for the internal RS485 communication port. For Modbus RTU: Baud rates 9.6, 19.2, 38.4, 57.6, 115.2 kbps are available.							
	For CAN: Baud rates 125, 250, 500 & 1000 kbps are available.							
	Index 3: Communication Loss Timeout: Defines the time for which the drive will operate without receiving a valid command telegram after the drive has been enabled. This applies to Modbus RTU networks and bus networks (e.g. keypad control or Master Slave operation) only. CAN communication loss function is enabled via CAN objects 100Ch and 100Dh. Setting 0 disables the Watchdog timer. Setting a value of 30, 100, 1000, or 3000 defines the time limit in milliseconds for operation. A ' <i>L</i> ' suffix selects trip on loss of communication. An ' <i>r</i> ' suffix means that the drive will coast stop (output immediately disabled) but will not trip.							

Current Limit (relevant parameters)

Par.	Description	Minimum	Maximum	Default	Units
P-54	Maximum Current Limit	0.0	175.0	150.0	%
	Defines the max current limit in vector control modes				

6.3.5. Advanced Functions

Autotune (relevant parameters)

Par.	Description	Minimum	Maximum	Default	Units		
P-52	Motor Parameter Autotune	0	1	0	-		
	O: Disabled 1: Enabled. When enabled, the drive immediately measures required data from the motor for optimal operation. Ensure all mot related parameters are correctly set first before enabling this parameter.						
	This parameter can be used to optimise the performance when P-51 = 0.						
	Autotune is not required if $P-51 = 1$.						
	For settings 2 – 5 of P-51, autotune MUST be carried out AFTER all other required motor settings are entered.						

Motor Control Methods

escodrives EDS3 may be used with the following motor types:

- Asynchronous Induction Motors (IM)
- Synchronous Permanent Magnet AC Motors (PM)
- Brushless DC Motors (BLDC)
- Synchronous Reluctance Motors (SynRM)
- Line Start Permanent Magnet Motors (LSPM)

Each motor type requires the correct operating mode to be selected and the correct commissioning procedure to be followed as described in the following sections.

NOTE For more detailed information on the various motor types, please see the following pages.

Parameters

Par.	Description	Minimum	Maximum	Default	Units
P-07	Motor Rated Voltage / kE	0	250 / 500	230 / 400	v
	For Induction Motors, this parameter should be set to the rated (nameple For Permanent Magnet or Brushless DC Motors, it should be set to the Ba				
P-08	Motor Rated Current	Drive	Rating Depe	ndent	Α
	This parameter should be set to the rated (nameplate) current of the moto current rating of the drive. When the motor nameplate value is entered, thermal overload protection	·	cannot be adjus	sted greater than t	the continuou
P-09	Motor Rated Frequency	10	500	50 (60)	Hz
	This parameter should be set to the rated (nameplate) frequency of the m	notor.			
P-51	Motor Control Mode	0	5	0	-
	2: PM motor, vector speed control 3: BLDC motor, vector speed control 4: Syn RM motor, vector speed control 5: LSPM motor, vector speed control				
	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·				
P-52	3: BLDC motor, vector speed control	O Autotune is not	1 equired if P-51 =	0 1. For settings 2 -	- 5 of P-51,
P-52	3: BLDC motor, vector speed control 4: Syn RM motor, vector speed control 5: LSPM motor, vector speed control Motor Parameter Auto-tune Enable	Autotune is not i re entered.	equired if P-51 =	1. For settings 2 -	
	3: BLDC motor, vector speed control 4: Syn RM motor, vector speed control 5: LSPM motor, vector speed control Motor Parameter Auto-tune Enable This parameter can be used to optimise the performance when P-51 = 0. autotune MUST be carried out AFTER all other required motor settings a 0: Disabled 1: Enabled. When enabled, the drive immediately measures required	Autotune is not i re entered.	equired if P-51 =	1. For settings 2 -	
	3: BLDC motor, vector speed control 4: Syn RM motor, vector speed control 5: LSPM motor, vector speed control Motor Parameter Auto-tune Enable This parameter can be used to optimise the performance when P-51 = 0. autotune MUST be carried out AFTER all other required motor settings a 0: Disabled 1: Enabled. When enabled, the drive immediately measures required related parameters are correctly set first before enabling this parameter.	Autotune is not i re entered. data from the ma	equired if P-51 = otor for optimal o 200.0	1. For settings 2 - peration. Ensure c	all motor
P-53	3: BLDC motor, vector speed control 4: Syn RM motor, vector speed control 5: LSPM motor, vector speed control Motor Parameter Auto-tune Enable This parameter can be used to optimise the performance when P-51 = 0 autotune MUST be carried out AFTER all other required motor settings a 0: Disabled 1: Enabled. When enabled, the drive immediately measures required related parameters are correctly set first before enabling this parameter. Vector Speed Control P-gain	Autotune is not i re entered. data from the ma	equired if P-51 = otor for optimal o 200.0	1. For settings 2 - peration. Ensure c	all motor
P-53	3: BLDC motor, vector speed control 4: Syn RM motor, vector speed control 5: LSPM motor, vector speed control Motor Parameter Auto-tune Enable This parameter can be used to optimise the performance when P-51 = 0. autotune MUST be carried out AFTER all other required motor settings a 0: Disabled 1: Enabled. When enabled, the drive immediately measures required related parameters are correctly set first before enabling this parameter. Vector Speed Control P-gain Single Parameter for Vector speed loop tuning. Affects P & I terms simultor	Autotune is not i re entered. data from the ma 0.0 aneously. Not ac 0.00	equired if P-51 = otor for optimal o 200.0 tive when P-51 = 655.35	1. For settings 2 - peration. Ensure c 50.0	all motor %
P-53 P-55	 3: BLDC motor, vector speed control 4: Syn RM motor, vector speed control 5: LSPM motor, vector speed control Motor Parameter Auto-tune Enable This parameter can be used to optimise the performance when P-51 = 0. autotune MUST be carried out AFTER all other required motor settings a 0: Disabled 1: Enabled. When enabled, the drive immediately measures required related parameters are correctly set first before enabling this parameter. Vector Speed Control P-gain Single Parameter for Vector speed loop tuning. Affects P & I terms simulto Motor Stator Resistance 	Autotune is not i re entered. data from the ma 0.0 aneously. Not ac 0.00	equired if P-51 = otor for optimal o 200.0 tive when P-51 = 655.35	1. For settings 2 - peration. Ensure c 50.0	all motor %
P-53 P-55	 3: BLDC motor, vector speed control 4: Syn RM motor, vector speed control 5: LSPM motor, vector speed control Motor Parameter Auto-tune Enable This parameter can be used to optimise the performance when P-51 = 0. autotune MUST be carried out AFTER all other required motor settings a 0: Disabled 1: Enabled. When enabled, the drive immediately measures required related parameters are correctly set first before enabling this parameter. Vector Speed Control P-gain Single Parameter for Vector speed loop tuning. Affects P & I terms simultation Motor Stator Resistance Motor stator resistance in Ohms. Determined by Autotune, adjustment is 	Autotune is not in re entered. data from the module of the	equired if P-51 = tor for optimal o 200.0 tive when P-51 = 655.35 uired.	1. For settings 2 - peration. Ensure c 50.0	all motor % Ω
P-52 P-53 P-55 P-56 P-57	 3: BLDC motor, vector speed control 4: Syn RM motor, vector speed control 5: LSPM motor, vector speed control Motor Parameter Auto-tune Enable This parameter can be used to optimise the performance when P-51 = 0, autotune MUST be carried out AFTER all other required motor settings a 0: Disabled 1: Enabled. When enabled, the drive immediately measures required related parameters are correctly set first before enabling this parameter. Vector Speed Control P-gain Single Parameter for Vector speed loop tuning. Affects P & I terms simultation Motor Stator Resistance Motor Stator Inductance (d) 	Autotune is not in re entered. data from the module of the	equired if P-51 = tor for optimal o 200.0 tive when P-51 = 655.35 uired.	1. For settings 2 - peration. Ensure c 50.0	all motor % Ω

Overload Management (relevant parameters)

Par.	Description	Minimum	Maximum	Default	Units		
P-60	Motor Overload Management	-	-	-	-		
	Index 1: Thermal Overload Retention	0	1	0	1		
	0: Disabled						
	1: Enabled. When enabled, the drive calculated motor overload protection information is retained after the mains power is removed						
	from the drive.		na relainea anei	ille illullis powe	er is removed		
		0	1	0	r is removed		
	from the drive.	0	1	0	1		

Ethernet Parameters

Par.	Description	Minimum	Maximum	Default	Units		
P-61	Ethernet Service Option	0	1	0	-		
	O: Disabled 1: E	inabled					
P-62	Ethernet Service Timeout	0	60	0	mins		
	O: Disabled >0: Timeout in minutes						
P-63	Modbus Mode Selection	0	1	0	-		
	O: Standard. All Modbus RTU telegrams are valid regardless of the destination address. Communication loss timeout will activate when no valid Modbus RTU message is present within the time limit set in P-36.						
	1: Advanced. Only Modbus RTU telegrams intended for the specific node address are valid. Communication loss timeout will activate when no Modbus RTU message intended for the specific drive node address is received within the time limit set in P-36.						
	This mode is intended for use in small networks and must be used with other fieldbus gateways i.e. Modbus TCP or Ethernet/IP.						

Switch Parameters

Par.	Description	Minimu	m	Maximum	Default	Units
P-64	IP66 DI1 Source	0		4	0	-
				(S-Forward OR Switch Forward	Switch Reverse)	
P-65	IP66 DI2 Source	0		2	0	-
	Visible only on IP66 Switched Drive O: Terminal 3 OR Switch Reverse 1: Terminal 3 Only 2: Terminal 3 AND Switch Reverse					

6.4. Commissioning Various Motor Types

Asynchronous Induction Motors (IM) Vector Control

escodrives EDS3 factory default parameters are intended for use with IM motors where the power rating of the motor is approximately the same or slightly less than the indicated power rating of the drive. In this case, it should be possible to operate the motor without any parameter adjustment at all for initial testing.

For optimum performance, the drive parameters should be adjusted to match the motor ratings. This will also ensure correct protection of the motor from damage due to overload.

The basic parameters that should be adjusted are:

- P-07 : Motor Rated Voltage (V)
- P-08 : Motor Rated Current (A)
- P-09 : Motor Rated Frequency (Hz)
- In addition, it is also possible to set:
- P-10 : Motor Rated Speed (RPM)

When this parameter is adjusted, slip compensation is activated. Slip compensation attempts to compensate the motor speed relative to the load applied, such that when operating at a constant speed with different loads, the motor shaft speed should remain approximately the same.

To further improve the performance of the motor, the following additional steps can be followed:

- Carry out an Autotune.
 - o This requires Advanced Parameter Access, P-14 = P-37 + 100 (Default : 201).
 - o After the correct nameplate information is entered from the motor, the drive can additionally measure some electrical characteristics of the motor to further optimise the motor control to suit connected motor.
 - o This is achieved by setting P-52 = 1.

The autotune will begin **IMMEDIATELY** following the setting of this parameter!

- o The drive output will be enabled, and the motor shaft may move. It is important to ensure this is safe before carrying out the autotune.
- o For IM motors, the autotune takes only a few seconds, and measures only the motor stator resistance. Parameter P-55 will be updated with the new value.
- Adjust the Low Frequency Torque Boost
 - o IM motors require some additional voltage at low frequency to improve the low speed operation and torque.
 - o By adjusting P-11, it is possible to optimise the low speed operation.
 - o If P-11 is increased too far, excessive motor heating or over current trips may result.
- Speed regulation and response to load changes may be improved by adjusting P-11 Vector Gain to suit the motor and connected load.
 - o Higher values will provide a more dynamic behaviour at the risk of instability.

Synchronous Permanent Magnet AC Motors (PM), BLDC Motors and LSPM Motors

Suitable Motors

escodrives EDS3 provides open loop control of permanent magnet AC motors including BLDC and LSPM type, intended to allow the use of high efficiency motors in simple applications. Both interior and exterior magnets type motors are supported.

- Operation is permitted with motors meeting the following criteria:
- The motor Back EMF is >=1 V / Hz.
 - o **NOTE** Operation of motors with <1V/Hz Back EMF ratio may be possible with reduced speed range.
- Maximum motor frequency 360Hz.
- RMS Back EMF must not exceed the AC supply voltage during motor operation.
 - Warning! If the peak Back EMF exceeds 800V, the drive may be permanently damaged!

Commissioning Procedure

When operating with permanent magnet motors, the commissioning steps are as follows:

- Enter the motor Back EMF at Rated Frequency / Speed in parameter P-07.
 - o This parameter must not be set to the rated motor voltage, but the actual Back EMF imposed by the motor magnets at the drive output terminals.
 - o It is sometimes necessary to derive this information from a voltage constant and the rated operating speed, e.g.
 - If a motor has rated speed 2500RPM, back EMF constant 80V / 1000 RPM, P-07 = (2500 * 80) / 1000 = 200V.
 - Alternatively, obtain the value from the motor supplier, or by direct measurement using an oscilloscope.
- Enter the Motor Rated Current in P-08.
 - o It is possible that excessive current levels may permanently damage the motor, therefore this parameter must be set correctly to ensure this cannot occur.
 - o Additionally, this current level is used by the autotune to determine the correct inductance values.
- Enter the motor rated frequency in P-09.
- Optionally enter the motor rated speed in P-10.
- Enabled Advanced Parameter Access by setting P-14 = P-37 + 100 (Default : 201).
- Select the appropriate motor type in P-51
 - o For PM motor control P-51 = 2
 - o For BLDC motor control P-51 = 3
 - o For LSPM motor control P-51 = 5

- Carry out an Autotune.
 - o An Autotune MUST be carried out.
 - o This is achieved by setting P-52 = 1.
 - o The autotune will begin IMMEDIATELY following the setting of this parameter! The drive output will be enabled, and the motor shaft may move. It is important to ensure this is safe before carrying out the autotune.
 - o For PM motors, the autotune measures the motor stator resistance and both Q and D axis inductance values. Parameters P-55, P-56 and P-57 will be updated following the measurements.
- It should now be possible to operate the motor.
- Low speed and starting of the motor may be further optimised by adjusting P-11.
 - o In PM motor control mode, P-11 adjust the additional current injected into the motor at low frequency to help maintain the rotor alignment and ensure reliable starting.
- Speed regulation and response to load changes may be improved by adjusting P-53 Vector Gain to suit the motor and connected load.
 - o Higher values will provide a more dynamic behaviour at the risk of instability.

Synchronous Reluctance Motors (SynRM)

Suitable Motors

escodrives EDS3 provides open loop control of synchronous reluctance AC motors, intended to allow the use of high effciency motors in simple applications.

Commissioning Procedure

When operating with synchronous reluctance motors, the commissioning steps are as follows:

- Enter the motor rated voltage in parameter P-07.
- Enter the Motor Rated Current in P-08.
- Enter the motor rated frequency in P-09.
- Optionally enter the motor rated speed in P-10.
- Enabled Advanced Parameter Access by setting P-14 = P-37 + 100 (Default : 201).
- Select SynRM motor control in by setting P-51 = 4.
- Carry out an Autotune.
 - o For SynRM motor operation, an Autotune **MUST** be carried out.
 - o This is achieved by setting P-52 = 1.
 - o The autotune will begin **IMMEDIATELY** following the setting of this parameter!
 - o The drive output will be enabled, and the motor shaft may move. It is important to ensure this is safe before carrying out the autotune.
 - o For SynRM motors, the autotune measures the motor data required for correct operation.
- It should now be possible to operate the motor.
- Low speed and starting of the motor may be further optimised by adjusting P-11.
 - o In SynRM motor control mode, P-11 adjust the additional current injected into the motor at low frequency to help maintain the rotor alignment and ensure reliable starting.
- Speed regulation and response to load changes may be improved by adjusting P-53 to suit the motor and connected load.
 - o Higher values will provide a more dynamic behaviour at the risk of instability.

6.5. P-00 Read Only Status Parameters

Par.	Description	Explanation
P00-01	Analog Input 1 Value (%)	100% = max input voltage.
P00-02	Analog Input 2 Value (%)	100% = max input voltage.
P00-03	Speed Controller Reference (Hz / RPM)	Displayed in Hz if P-10 = 0, otherwise RPM.
P00-04	Digital Input Status	Drive digital input status.
P00-05	PI Output (%)	Displays value of the User PI output.
P00-06	DC Bus Voltage Ripple (V)	Measured DC bus ripple.
P00-07	Motor Voltage (V)	Value of RMS voltage applied to motor.
P00-08	DC Bus Voltage (V)	Internal DC bus voltage.
P00-09	Heatsink Temperature (°C)	Temperature of heatsink in °C.
P00-10	Run Time Since Date of Manuf. (Hours)	Not affected by resetting factory default parameters.
P00-11	Run Time Since Last Trip (1) (Hours)	Run-time clock stopped by drive disable (or trip), reset on next enable only if a trip occurred. Reset also on next enable after a drive power down.
P00-12	Run Time Since Last Trip (2) (Hours)	Run-time clock stopped by drive disable (or trip), reset on next enable only if a trip occurred (under-volts not considered a trip) – not reset by power down / power up cycling unless a trip occurred prior to power down.
P00-13	Trip Log	Displays most recent 4 trips with time stamp.
P00-14	Run Time Since Last Enable (Hours)	Run-time clock stopped on drive disable, value reset on next enable.
P00-15	Dc Bus Voltage Log (V)	8 most recent values prior to trip, 256ms sample time.
P00-16	Heatsink Temperature Log (°C)	8 most recent values prior to trip, 30s sample time.
P00-17	Motor Current Log (A)	8 most recent values prior to trip, 256ms sample time.
P00-18	DC Bus Voltage Ripple Log (V)	8 most recent values prior to trip, 22ms sample time.
P00-19	Internal Temperature Log (°C)	8 most recent values prior to trip, 30 s sample time.
P00-20	Internal Temperature (°C)	Actual internal ambient temperature in °C.
P00-21	CAN Process Data Input	Incoming process data (RX PDO1) for CAN: PI1, PI2, PI3, PI4.
P00-22	CAN Process Data Output	Outgoing process data (TX PDO1) for CAN: PO1, PO2, PO3, PO4.
P00-23	Accumulated Time with Heatsink > 85°C (Hours)	Total accumulated hours and minutes of operation above heatsink temp of 85°C.
P00-24	Accumulated Time with Internal Temp > 80°C (Hours)	Total accumulated hours and minutes of operation with drive internal ambient above 80°C.
P00-25	Estimated Rotor Speed (Hz)	In vector control modes, estimated rotor speed in Hz.
P00-26	kWh meter / MWh meter	Total number of kWh / MWh consumed by the drive.
P00-27	Cooling Fan Operating Lifetime (Hours)	Time displayed in hh:mm:ss. First value displays time in hrs, press up to display mm:ss.
P00-28	Software Version	Version number and checksum. "1" on LH side indicates I/O processor, "2" indicates power stage.
P00-29	Drive Type	Drive rating, drive type and software version codes.
P00-30	Drive Serial Number	Unique drive serial number.
P00-31	Motor Current Id / Iq	Displays the magnetising current (Id) and torque current (Iq). Press UP to show Iq.
P00-32	Actual Eff. Switching Frequency (kHz)	Actual switching frequency used by drive.
P00-33	O-I Fault Counter	These parameters log the number of times specific faults or errors occur, and are
P00-34	O-Volts Fault Counter	useful for diagnostic purposes.
P00-35	U-Volts Fault Counter	
P00-36	Heatsink O-Temp Counter	
P00-37	B O-I Fault Counter	
P00-38	Internal O-Temp Counter	
P00-39	Modbus RTU Fault Counter	
P00-40	CAN Fault Counter	
P00-41	I/O Comms Fault Counter	
P00-42	DSP Comms Fault Counter	
P00-43	Drive Total Life Time (Hours)	Total lifetime of drive with power applied.
P00-44	Phase U Current Offset & Ref	Internal value.
P00-45	Phase V Current Offset & Ref	Internal value.
P00-46	Phase W Current Offset & Ref	Internal value.
P00-47	Index 1: Fire Mode Total Active Time Index 2: Fire Mode Activation Count	Total activation time of Fire Mode. Displays the number of times Fire Mode has been activated.
P00-48	Scope Channel 1 & 2	Displays signals for scope channels 1 & 2.
P00-48 P00-49	Scope Channel 1 & 2 Scope Channel 3 & 4	Displays signals for scope channels 1 & 2. Displays signals for scope channels 3 & 4.

7. Analog and Digital Input Macro Configurations

7.1. Overview

escodrives EDS3 uses a Macro approach to simplify the configuration of the Analog and Digital Inputs. There are two key parameters which determine the input functions and drive behaviour:

P-12 Selects the main drive control source and determines how the output frequency of the drive is primarily controlled.

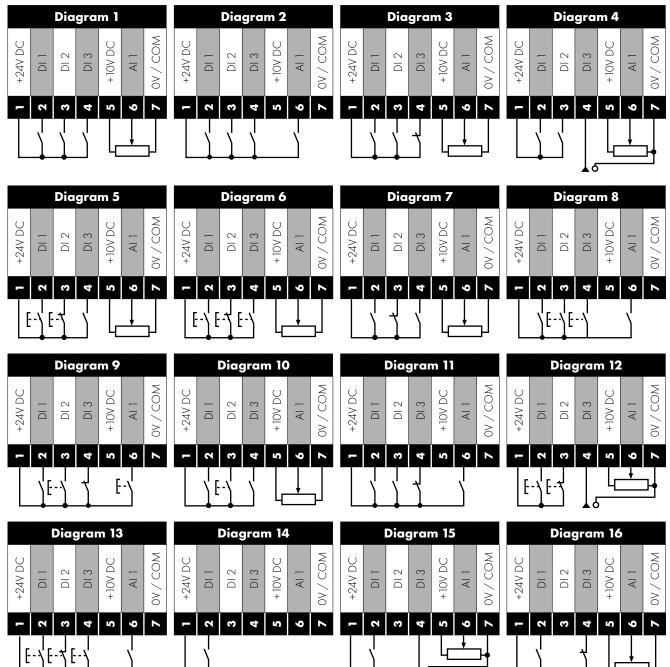
P-15 Assigns the Macro function to the analog and digital inputs.

Additional parameters can then be used to further adapt the settings, e.g.

- P-16 Used to select the format of the analog signal to be connected to analog input 1, e.g. 0 10 Volt, 4 20mA.
- P-30 Determines whether the drive should automatically start following a power on if the Enable Input is present.
- P-31 When Keypad Mode is selected, determines at what output frequency / speed the drive should start following the enable command, and also whether the keypad start key must be pressed or if the Enable input alone should start the drive.
- P-47 Used to select the format of the analog signal to be connected to analog input 2, e.g. 0 10 Volt, 4 20mA.

7.2. Example Connection Diagrams

The diagrams below provide an overview of the functions of each terminal macro function, and a simplified connection diagram for each.



7.3. Macro Functions Guide Key

The table below should be used as a key on the following pages.

Function	Explanation
STOP	Latched Input, Open the contact to STOP the drive
RUN	Latched input, Close the contact to Start, the drive will operate as long as the input is maintained
FWD'U	Latched Input, selects the direction of motor rotation FORWARD
REV び	Latched Input, selects the direction of motor rotation REVERSE
RUN FWDÙ	Latched Input, Close to Run in the FORWARD direction, Open to STOP
RUN REV Ů	Latched Input, Close to Run in the REVERSE direction, Open to STOP
ENABLE	Hardware Enable Input.
	In Keypad Mode, P-31 determines whether the drive immediately starts, or the keypad start key must be pressed.
	In other modes, this input must be present before the start command is applied via the fieldbus interface.
START 1	Normally Open, Rising Edge, Close momentarily to START the drive (NC STOP Input must be maintained)
^- START -^	Simultaneously applying both inputs momentarily will START the drive (NC STOP Input must be maintained)
STOP↓	Normally Closed, Falling Edge, Open momentarily to STOP the drive
STARTĴFWDÙ	Normally Open, Rising Edge, Close momentarily to START the drive in the forward direction (NC STOP Input must be maintained)
START 1 REV ඊ	Normally Open, Rising Edge, Close momentarily to START the drive in the reverse direction (NC STOP Input must be maintained)
^-FAST STOP (P-24)-^	When both inputs are momentarily active simultaneously, the drive stops using Fast Stop Ramp Time P-24
FAST STOP↓ (P-24)	Normally Closed, Falling Edge, Open momentarily to FAST STOP the drive using Fast Stop Ramp Time P-24
E-TRIP	Normally Closed, External Trip input. When the input opens momentarily, the drive trips showing <i>E-tr iP</i> or <i>Ptc-th</i> depending on P-47 setting
Fire Mode	Activates Fire Mode
Analog Input AI1	Analog Input 1, signal format selected using P-16
Analog Input AI2	Analog Input 2, signal format selected using P-47
AI1 REF	Analog Input 1 provides the speed reference
AI2 REF	Analog Input 2 provides the speed reference
P-xx REF	Speed reference from the selected preset speed
PR-REF	Preset speeds P-20 – P-23 are used for the speed reference, selected according to other digital input status
PI-REF	PI Control Speed Reference
PI FB	Analog Input used to provide a Feedback signal to the internal PI controller
KPD REF	Keypad Speed Reference selected
FB REF	Selected speed reference from Fieldbus (Modbus RTU / CAN Open / Master depending on P-12 setting)
(NO)	Input is Normally Open, Close momentarily to activate the function
(NC)	Input is Normally Closed, Open momentarily to activate the function
INC SPD1	Normally Open, Rising Edge, Close momentarily to increase the motor speed by value in P-20
DEC SPD]	Normally Open, Rising Edge, Close momentarily to decrease the motor speed by value in P-20

P-15		DI1	D	12	DI3	/ AI2	DI4 /	AII	Diagra
P-15	0	1	0	1	0	1	0	1	Diagrai
)	STOP	RUN	FWD ひ	REV び	AI1 REF	P-20 REF	Analog Ir	nput Al 1	1
	STOP	run	AI1 REF	PR-REF	P-20	P-21	Analog Ir	nput Al 1	1
	STOP	RUN	DI2	DI3		PR	P-20 - P-23	P-01	2
			0	0	P-	-20			
			1	0	P	-21			
			0	1		.22			
			1	1		-23			
	STOP	RUN	AI1	P-20 REF	E-TRIP	ОК	Analog Ir	nput Al 1	3
	STOP	RUN	All	AI2		Input AI2	Analog Ir		4
	STOP	RUN FWD	STOP	RUN REV U	Al1	P-20 REF	Analog Ir		1
	0101	U	0101			1 20 1121	, and og n		
		^F/	AST STOP (P-2	4)^	1				
	STOP	run	FWD じ	REV び	E-TRIP	ОК	Analog Ir	nput Al 1	3
,	STOP	run fwd	STOP	RUN REV 🗸	E-TRIP	ОК	Analog Ir	nput Al 1	3
		Ŭ			-		9		
		^F/	AST STOP (P-2	4)^					
	Stop	RUN	FWD ひ	REV	DI3	DI4	PI	8	2
					0	0	P-2	0	
					1	0	P-2	21	
					0	1	P-2	2	
					1	1	P-2	3	
)	Stop	START FWD	Stop	START REV	DI3	DI4	PF	2	2
		<u>ں</u>		U O					
		^ŀ/	AST STOP (P-2	4)^	0	0	P-2		_
					1	0	P-2		_
					0	1	P-2		_
-	1			(1.1.7)		1	P-2		
0	(NO)	START 1	STOP	(NC)	AI1 REF	P-20 REF	Analog Ir		5
1	(NO)	START 1 FWD 0	Stop	(NC)	(NO)	Start ゴ REV び	Analog Ir	nput Al 1	6
				 Ast stop (p-2	4)				
0			FAST STOP		4) AI1 REF	1	<u> </u>		7
2	Stop	KUIN	(P-24)	UK	ALLKEF	P-20 REF	Analog Ir	IPUT ALI	
3	(NO)	START FWD	STOP	(NC)	(NO)	START REV	KPD REF	P-20 REF	13
		Ŭ				ত			
		^	F	AST STOP (P-2	4)	^			
4	Stop	RUN	D	12	E-TRIP	OK	DI2 DI4	PR	11
							0 0	P-20	
							1 0	P-21	
							0 1	P-22	
				1			1 1	P-23	
5	STOP	RUN	P-23 REF	All		Mode	Analog Ir	nput Al 1	1
6	STOP	RUN	P-23 REF	P-21 REF		Mode	FWD	REV	2
7	Stop	RUN	D	12	Fire	Mode	DI2 DI4	PR	2
							0 0	P-20	
							1 0	P-21	
							0 1	P-22	
							1 1	P-23	
8	Stop	run	FWD 🕐	REV 🗸	Fire	Mode	Analog Ir	nput Al 1	1
9	STOP	RUN	AI1 REF	PR1 REF	No Function	Fire Mode	Al	1	1

7.4. Macro Functions - Terminal Mode (P-12 = 0)

		DI1	D	12	DI3	/ AI2	DI4	/ Al1	
P-15	0	1	0	1	0	1	0	1	Diagram
0	Stop	enable	-	INC SPD 🔳	-	DEC SPD 🤉	FWD ひ	rev U	8
				^	START	^			
1	Stop	ENABLE			PI Speed	Reference			2
2	Stop	enable	-	INC SPD 1	-	DEC SPD 🤉	KPD REF	P-20 REF	8
				^	START	^			
3	Stop	ENABLE	-	INC SPD 1	E-TRIP	ОК	-	DEC SPD 🤉	9
				^		START		^^	
4	Stop	ENABLE	-	INC SPD 1	KPD REF	AI1 REF	A	10	
5	Stop	ENABLE	FWD U	REV 🗸	KPD REF	AI1 REF	A	41	1
6	Stop	ENABLE	FWD U	REV び	E-TRIP	OK	KPD REF	P-20 REF	11
7	Stop	run fwd	STOP	RUN REV U	E-TRIP	ОК	KPD REF	P-20 REF	11
		^FA	ST STOP (P-2∠	1)^					
8	Stop	RUN FWD ひ	STOP	RUN REV U	KPD REF	AI1 REF	AII		1
14	STOP	ENABLE	-	INC SPD 1	E-TRIP	ОК	-	DEC SPD 🤉	
15	Stop	ENABLE	PR REF	KPD REF	Fire	Mode	P-23	P-21	2
16	Stop	enable	P-23 REF	KPD REF	Fire	Mode	FWD ひ	REV 🗸	2
17	Stop	enable	KPD REF	P-23 REF	Fire	Mode	FWD ひ	REV 🗸	2
18	Stop	enable	AI1 REF	KPD REF	Fire	Mode	A	11	1
19	Stop	run	KPD REF	PR1 REF	No Function	Fire Mode	A	11	1
			9, 10,	11, 12, 13 = B	ehavior as _l	per setting 0			

When P15=4 in keypad mode, DI2 &DI4 are edge triggered. Digital pot speed will be increased or decreased once for each rising edge. The step of each speed change is defined by the absolute value of Pre-set Speed 1 (P-20).

NOTE Speed change only happens during normal running condition (no stop command etc.). Digital pot will be adjusted between minimum speed (P-02) and maximum speed (P-01).

When P-15 = 19, P-30 Index 2 and Index 3 have no effect. When the fire mode input is on, the drive will run regardless of whether the run input is present. Speed reference in Fire Mode is always Preset Speed 4, P-23.

7.6. Macro Functions - Fieldbus Control Mode (P-12 = 3, 4, 7, 8 or 9)

		DI1	D	12	DI3	/ AI2	DI4 /	/ AI1	
P-15	0	1	0	1	0	1	0	1	Diagram
0	STOP	enable	FB RE	FB REF (Fieldbus Speed Reference, Modbus RTU / CAN / Master-Slave defined by P-12)					
1	STOP	enable			PI Speed	Reference			15
2	STOP	enable	PI REF	AI1 REF	Analog	Input AI 2	Analog I	Input Al 1	4
		^START	(P-12 = 3 or 4	Only)^					
3	STOP	ENABLE	FB REF	P-20 REF	E-TRIP	OK	Analog I	Input Al 1	3
5	STOP	enable	FB REF	PR REF	P-20	P-21	Analog I	Input Al 1	1
		^START	(P-12 = 3 or 4	Only)^					
6	STOP	enable	FB REF	AI1 REF	E-TRIP	OK	Analog I	Input Al 1	3
		^START	(P-12 = 3 or 4	Only)^					
7	STOP	enable	FB REF	KPD REF	E-TRIP	ОК	Analog I	Input Al 1	3
		^START	(P-12 = 3 or 4	Only)^					
14	STOP	enable	-	-	E-TRIP	OK	Analog I	Input Al 1	16
15	STOP	ENABLE	PR REF	FB REF	Fire	Mode	P-23	P-21	2
16	STOP	enable	P-23 REF	FB REF	Fire	Mode	Analog I	Input Al 1	1
17	STOP	enable	FB REF	P-23 REF	Fire	Mode	Analog I	Input Al 1	1
18	STOP	enable	AI1 REF	FB REF	Fire	Mode	Analog I	Input Al 1	1
			4, 8, 9, 10,	11, 12, 13, 19	9 = Behavio	r as per settir	ng 0		

7.7. Macro Functions - User PI Control Mode (P-12 = 5 or 6)	7.7. Macro F	unctions -	User Pl	Control	Mode (P-12 = 5 or 6)
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	DII		DI2		DI3 / AI2		DI4 /	⁄ Al1											
P-15	0	1	0	1	0	1	0	1	Diagram										
0	STOP	run	PI REF	P-20 REF	/	412	A	1	4										
1	STOP	run	PI REF	AI1 REF	Al2	(PI FB)	A	1	4										
3, 7	STOP	run	PI REF	P-20	E-TRIP	OK	AI1 (I	PI FB)	3										
4	(NO)	START	(NC)	STOP	Al2	(PI FB)	A	1	12										
5	(NO)	START	(NC)	STOP	PI REF	P-20 REF	AI1 (PI FB)		5										
6	(NO)	START	(NC)	STOP	E-TRIP OK		AI1 (PI FB)												
8	STOP	run	FWD U	REV 🗸	AI2 (PI FB)		AI1		4										
9	STOP	run	FWD U	REV 🗸	PI REF	PR1 REF	Al 1]										
14	STOP	run	-	-	E-TRIP	OK	K AI 1 (PI FB)		16										
15	STOP	run	P-23 REF	PI REF	Fire	Fire Mode AI1 (PI FB)]											
16	STOP	run	P-23 REF	P-21 REF	Fire	Fire Mode		Fire Mode		Fire Mode		Fire Mode		Fire Mode		Fire Mode		PI FB)]
17	STOP	run	FWD U	REV 🗸	E-TRIP	-	A]	3										
18	STOP	run	AI1 REF	PI REF	Fire	Mode	AI1 (I	PI FB)]										
			2, 9, 10,	1, 12, 13, 19	= Behavior	as per setting	0		L										
NOTE	P1 Sotneint course is selected by P-44 (default is fixed value in P-45. At 1 may also be selected)																		

8. Modbus RTU Communications

8.1. Introduction

The escodrives EDS3 can be connected to a Modbus RTU network via the RJ45 connector on the front of the drive.

8.2. Modbus RTU Specification

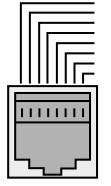
Protocol	Modbus RTU
Error check	CRC
Baud rate	9600bps, 19200bps, 38400bps, 57600bps, 115200bps (default)
Data format	1 start bit, 8 data bits, 1 stop bits, no parity
Physical signal	RS 485 (2-wire)
User interface	RJ45
Supported Function Codes	03 Read Multiple Holding Registers
	06 Write Single Holding Register
	16 Write Multiple Holding Registers (Supported for registers 1 – 4 only)

8.3. RJ45 Connector Configuration

For full MODBUS RTU register map information please refer to your esco Sales Partner. Local contacts can be found by visiting our website:

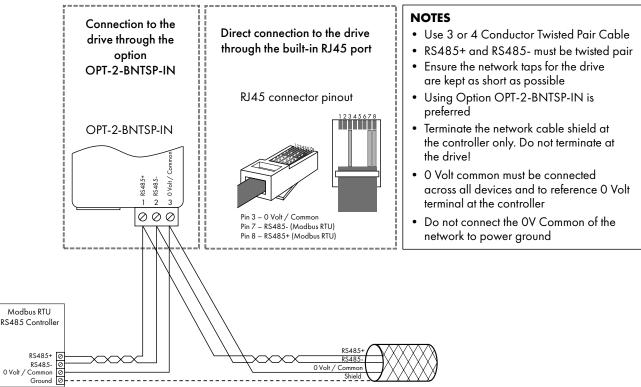
www.esco-antriebstechnik.de/EN

When using MODBUS control the Analog and Digital Inputs can be configured as shown in section 7.6. Macro Functions - Fieldbus Control Mode (P-12 = 3, 4, 7, 8 or 9) on page 43.



1	CAN -						
2	CAN +						
3	O Volts						
4	-RS485 (PC)						
5	+RS485 (PC)						
6	+24 Volt						
7	-RS485 (Modbus RTU)						
8	+RS485 (Modbus RTU)						
Wa	Warning: This is not an Ethernet connection.						

Warning: This is not an Ethernet connection. Do not connect directly to an Ethernet port.



NOTE For Master devices which use zero based addressing and therefore treat the first Register address as Register 0, it may be necessary to convert the Register Numbers detailed below by subtracting 1 to obtain the correct Register address.

8

8.4. Modbus Register Map

Register	Par.	Туре	Su Fund	pport tion C	ed odes	Function		Range	Explanation
Number		.,	03	06	16	Low Byte	High Byte		
1	-	R/W	V	~	~	PDO0 Control Word		03	16 Bit Word. Bit 0: Low = Stop, High = Run Enable Bit 1: Low = Decel Ramp 1 (P-04), High = Decel Ramp 2 (P-24) Bit 2: Low = No Function, High = Fault Reset Bit 3: Low – No Function, High = Coast Stop Request Bit 8: Relay control, 0 = Open, 1 = Close Bit 9 : DO Control, 1 = Off, 0 = On
2	-	R/W	~	~	~		requency point	-5000 5000	Setpoint frequency x10, e.g. 100 = 10.0Hz
3	-	R/W	•	~	~		tpoint/ utput Control	04096	0 - 4096 = 0 - 100.0%
4	-	R/W	~	~	~	PC	03	060000	Ramp time in seconds x 100, e.g. 250 = 2.5 seconds
6	-	R	~			Drive status	Error code		Low Byte = Drive Error Code, see section 11.1. Fault Code Messages on page 56 High Byte = Drive Status as follows: O: Drive Running 1: Drive Tripped 5: Standby Mode 6: Drive Ready
7		R	~			Output Mot	or Frequency	020000	Output frequency in Hz x10, e.g. 100 = 10.0Hz
8		R	~			Output M	Output Motor Current		Output Motor Current in Amps x10, e.g. 10 = 1.0 Amps
11	-	R	~			Digital ir	nput status	015	Indicates the status of the 4 digital inputs Lowest Bit = 1 Input 1
20	POO-01	R	~			Analog In	put 1 value	01000	Analog input % of full scale x10, e.g. 1000 = 100%
21	P00-02	R	~			Analog In	put 2 value	01000	Analog input % of full scale x 10, e.g. 1000 = 100%
22	P00-03	R	~			Speed Refe	erence Value	01000	Displays the setpoint frequency $\times 10$, e.g. $100 = 10.0$ Hz
23	P00-08	R	~			DC bus	s voltage	01000	DC Bus Voltage in Volts
24	P00-09	R	~			Drive ter	mperature	0100	Drive heatsink temperature in °C
2001	-	R	~			Status	Word 2		See below
2002	-	R	~			Motor Ou	utput Speed		Speed in Hz with one decimal place
2003	-	R	~			Motor Ou	tput Current		Current in A with one decimal place
2004	-	R	~			Motor Ou	utput Power		Power in kW with one decimal place
2005	-	R	~			IO Stat	us Word		See below
2006	-	R	~			Motor Ou	itput Torque		0.0% to +/- 200.0%
2007	P00-08	R	~			DC Bus	s Voltage		0 – 1000V
2008	P00-09	R	~			Heatsink T	emperature		Temperature in °C
2009	POO-01	R	~			Analog	g Input 1		0 ~ 4096 (12bits)
2010	P00-02	R	~			Analog	Analog Input 2		0 ~ 4096 (12bits)
2011	-	R	~			Analog	g Output		0.0 to 100.0%
2012	P00-05	R	~			PI C	Dutput		0.0 to 100.0%
2013	P00-20	R	~			Internal Te	emperature		Temperature in °C
2014	P00-07	R	~			Motor Ou	tput Voltage		0 – 500V
2015	-	R	•			IP66 Pot	Input value		0 ~ 4096 (12bits)
2016	-	R	~			Trip	Code		See user guide for code definition

All user configurable parameters are accessible as Holding Registers, and can be Read from or Written to using the appropriate Modbus command. The Register number for each parameter P-04 to P-60 is defined as 128 + Parameter number, e.g. for parameter P-15, the register number is 128 + 15 = 143. Internal scaling is used on some parameters, for further details please contact your esco Sales Partner.

8.4.1. Drive status and error code Word PDIO

Bit	Function When "0"	Function When "1"							
15									
14									
13									
12	In the event of a trip, the associated code is shown in this byte								
11									
10									
9									
8									
7									
6	Not Ready	Drive Ready							
5									
4									
3									
2	-	Drive In Standby Mode							
1	Drive OK	Drive Tripped							
0	Drive Stopped	Drive Running							

Bit 6: Drive Ready to Run is defined as:

- Not tripped.
- Hardware enable signal present (DI1 ON).
- No mains loss condition.

8.4.2. Register 2001 definition – New Status Word

Bit	Definition	Description				
0	Ready	This bit is set if no trip and no mains loss, plus hardware enabled				
1	Running	This bit is set when drive is running				
2	Tripped	This bit is set when drive is under trip condition				
3	Standby	This bit is set when drive is in standby mode				
4	Fire Mode	This bit is set if fire mode is active				
5	Reserved	Read as O				
6	Speed Set-point Reached (At Speed)	This bit is set when drive is enabled and reaches speed set point				
7	Below Minimum Speed	This bit is set when drive is enabled and speed less than P-O2				
8	Overload	This bit is set if motor current > P-08				
9	Mains Loss	This bit is set if mains loss condition happens				
10	Heatsink > 85°C	This bit is set if drive heatsink temperature over 85°C				
11	Control Board > 80°C	This bit is set if control PCB temperature over 80°C				
12	Switching Frequency Reduction	This bit is set if PWM switching frequency foldback is active				
13	Reverse Rotation	This bit is set when motor is in reverse rotation (negative speed)				
14	Reserved	Read as O				
15	Live Toggle Bit	This bit will toggle each time this register is read				

8.4.3. Register 2005 definition – IO Status Word

Bit	Definition	Description				
0	DI1 Status	This bit is set when digital input 1 is closed				
1	DI2 Status	This bit is set when digital input 2 is closed				
2	DI3 Status	This bit is set when digital input 3 (Al-2) is closed				
3	DI4 Status	This bit is set when digital input 4 (Al-1) is closed				
4, 5	Reserved	Read as O				
6	IP66 Switch FWD	This bit is set when IP66 FWD switch is closed				
7	IP66 Switch REV	This bit is set when IP66 REV switch is closed				
8	Digital Output Status	This bit is set when digital output is active(24V) or Analog output > 0				
9	Relay Output Status	This bit is set when user relay is closed				
10, 11	Reserved	Read as O				
12	Analog Input 1 Signal Lost (4-20mA)	This bit is set when analog input 1 signal loss happens (420mA)				
13	Analog Input 2 signal Lost (4-20mA)	This bit is set when analog input 2 signal loss happens (420mA)				
14	Reserved	Read as O				
15	IP66 Pot Input > 50%	This bit is set when IP66 integrated pot input value > 50%				

9.1. CAN Communication

The CAN communication profile in the escodrives EDS3 is implemented according to the specification DS301 version 4.02 of CAN in automation (www.can-cia.de). Specific device profiles such as DS402 are not supported.

The CAN communication function is enabled by default after power up. However in order to use any control functions through CAN, the following setting is required: P-12 = 7 or 8.

The CAN communication baud rate can be set by using parameter P-36 (Index 2). Available baud rates are: 125kbps, 250kbps, 500kbps, 1 Mbps. (with default setting as 500kbps).

The Node ID is set up through drive address parameter P-36 (Index 1) with the default value of 1.

The tables below show the Index and Sub Index required to address each parameter. All User Adjustable parameters are accessible by CAN, except those that would directly affect the communications.

All parameter values can be read from the drive and written to, depending on the operating mode of the drive – some parameters may not be changed whilst the drive is enabled.

escodrives EDS3 provides the following default COB-ID and functions:

Туре	COB-ID	Function
NMT	OOOh	Network management.
Sync	080h	Synchronous message. COB-ID can be configured to other value.
Emergency	080h + Node address	Emergency message.
PDO1 (TX)	180h + Node address	Process data object.
PDO1 (RX)	200h + Node address	PDO1 is pre-mapped and enabled by default.
PDO2 (TX)	280h + Node address	COB-ID can be configured to other value. PDO2 is pre-mapped and disabled by default.
PDO2 (RX)	300h + Node address	Transmission mode, COB-ID and mapping can be configured.
SDO (TX)	580h + Node address	
SDO (RX)	600h + Node address	SDO channel can be used for drive parameter access.
Error Control	700h + Node address	Guarding and Heartbeat function are supported. COB-ID can be configured to other value.

NOTE

- The escodrives EDS3 SDO channel only supports expedited transmission.
- The escodrives EDS3 can only support up to 2 Process Data Objects (PDO). All PDOs are pre-mapped; however PDO2 is disabled by default. The table below gives the default PDO mapping information.
- Customer configuration (mapping) will NOT be saved during power down. This means that the CANopen configuration will restore to its default condition each time the drive is powered up.

9.1.1. PDO Default Mapping

	Objects No.	Mapped Object	Length	Mapped Function	Transmission Type
	1	2000h	Unsigned 16	Control command register*	
RX	2	2001 h	Integer 16	Speed reference	254
PDO1	3	2003h	Unsigned 16	User ramp reference	Valid immediately
	4	0006h	Unsigned 16	Dummy	
	1	200Ah	Unsigned 16	Drive status register	
ТХ	2	200Bh	Integer 16	Motor speed Hz	254
PDO1	3	200Dh	Unsigned 16	Motor current	Send after receiving RX PDO 1
	4	2010h	Integer 16	Drive temperature	
]	0006h	Unsigned 16	Dummy	
RX	2	0006h	Unsigned 16	Dummy	
PDO2	3	0006h	Unsigned 16	Dummy	254
	4	0006h	Unsigned 16	Dummy	
]	2011h	Unsigned 16	DC bus voltage	
ТХ	2	2012h	Unsigned 16	Digital input status	
PDO2	3	2013h	Integer 16	Analog input 1 (%)	254
	4	2014h	Integer 16	Analog input 2 (%)	

* Drive control can only be achieved when P-12=7 or 8 provided that P-31 = 0, 1, 4 or 5.

9.1.2. PDO transmission type

Various transmission modes can be selected for each PDO. For RX PDO, the following modes are supported:

Transmission Type	Mode	Description				
0 - 240	Synchronous	The received data will be transferred to the drive active control register when the next sync message is received.				
254, 255	Asynchronous	The received data will be transferred to the drive active control register immediately without delay.				

For TX PDO, the following modes are supported:

Transmission Type	Mode	Description				
0	Acyclic synchronous	TX PDO will only be sent out if the PDO data has changed and PDO will be transmitted on reception of SYNC object.				
1-240	Cyclic synchronous	TX PDO will be transmitted synchronously and cyclically. The transmission type indicates the number of SYNC object that are.				
254	Asynchronous	TX PDO will only be transferred once corresponding RX PDO has been received.				
255	Asynchronous	TX PDO will only be transferred anytime if PDO data value has changed.				

9.1.3. CAN Open Specific Object Table

Index	Sub Index	Function	Access	Туре	PDO Map	Default Value
1000h	0	Device Type	R	U32	N	0
1001 h	0	Error Register	R	U8	N	0
1002h	0	Manufacturer Status Register	R	U16	N	0
1005h	0	COB-ID Sync	RW	U32	N	0000080h
1008h	0	Manufacturer Device Name	R	String	N	ODE3
1009h	0	Manufacturer Hardware Version	R	String	N	X.XX

Index	Sub Index	Function	Access	Туре	PDO Map	Default Value
100Ah	0	Manufacturer Software Version	R	String	N	x.xx
100Ch	0	Guard Time (1ms)	RW	U16	N	0
100Dh	0	Life Time Factor	RW	U8	N	0
1014h	0	COB-ID EMCY	RW	U32	N	00000080h+Node ID
1015h	0	Inhibit Time Emergency (100µs)	RW	U 16	N	0
1017h	0	Producer Heartbeat Time (1ms)	RW	U 16	N	0
	0	Identity Object No. Of entries	R	U8	N	4
	1	Vendor ID	R	U32	N	0x0000031A
1018h	2	Product Code	R	U32	N	Drive Dependent
	3	Revision Number	R	U32	N	X.XX
	4	Serial Number	R	U32	N	Drive Dependent
	0	SDO Parameter No. Of entries	R	U8	N	2
1200h	1	COB-ID Client -> Server (RX)	R	U32	N	00000600h+Node ID
	2	COB-ID Server -> Client (TX)	R	U32	N	00000580h+Node ID
	0	RX PDO1 comms param. no. of entries	R	U8	N	2
1400h	1	RX PDO1 COB-ID	RVV	U32	N	40000200h+Node ID
	2	RX PDO transmission type	RW	U32	N	254
	0	RX PDO2 comms param. no. of entries	R	U8	N	2
1401 h	1	RX PDO2 COB-ID	RW	U32	N	C0000300h+Node ID
	2	RX PDO2 transmission type	RW	U8	N	0
	0	RX PDO1 1 mapping / no. of entries	RW	U8	N	4
	1	RX PDO1 1st mapped object	RW	U32	N	20000010h
1600h	2	RX PDO1 2nd mapped object	RW	U32	N	20010010h
	3	RX PDO1 3rd mapped object	RW	U32	N	20030010h
	4	RX PDO1 4th mapped object	RW	U32	N	00060010h
	0	RX PDO2 1 mapping / no. of entries	RW	U8	N	4
]	RX PDO2 1st mapped object	RVV	U32	N	00060010h
1601 h	2	RX PDO2 2nd mapped object	RW	U32	N	00060010h
	3	RX PDO2 3rd mapped object	RVV	U32	N	00060010h
	4	RX PDO2 4th mapped object	RVV	U32	N	00060010h
	0	TX PDO1 comms parameter number of entries	R	U8	N	3
1800h	1	TX PDO1 COB-ID	RW	U32	N	40000180h+Node ID
100011	2	TX PDO1 transmission type	RW	U8	N	254
	3	TX PDO1 Inhibit time (100µs)	RVV	U 16	N	0
	0	TX PDO2 comms param no. of entries	R	U8	N	3
1801 h	1	TX PDO2 COB-ID	RVV	U32	N	C0000280h+Node ID
100111	2	TX PDO2 transmission type	RW	U8	N	0
	3	TX PDO2 Inhibit time (100µs)	RW	U 16	N	0
	0	TX PDO1 mapping / no. of entries	RVV	U8	N	4
	1	TX PDO1 1st mapped object	RVV	U32	N	200A0010h
1 A00h	2	TX PDO1 2nd mapped object	RVV	U32	N	200B0010h
	3	TX PDO1 3rd mapped object	RVV	U32	N	200D0010h
	4	TX PDO1 4th mapped object	RVV	U32	N	20100010h
	0	TX PDO2 mapping / no. of entries	RVV	U8	N	4
	1	TX PDO2 1st mapped object	RVV	U32	N	20110010h
1 A01 h	2	TX PDO2 2nd mapped object	RVV	U32	N	20120010h
	3	TX PDO2 3rd mapped object	RVV	U32	N	20130010h
		TX PDO2 4th mapped object	RW	U32	N	20140010h

9.2. Additional Information Relating to CAN or Modbus or Both

9.2.1 Drive Control Word Format

15	14	13	12	11	10	9	8	7	6	5	4	3	2	1	0
High byte									Low	byte					

Bit O: Run/Stop command: Set to 1 to enable the drive. Set to 0 to stop the drive.

Bit 1: Fast stop request. Set to 1 to enable drive to stop with 2nd deceleration ramp.

Bit 2: Reset request. Set to 1 in order to reset the drive if drive is under trip condition.

User must clear this bit when drive is under normal condition to prevent un-expected reset.

Bit 3: Coast stop request. Set to 1 to issue a coast stop command.

For normal operation, Bit 3 has the highest priority, bit 0 has the lowest priority (bit 3>bit 1>bit 0). For example if user set command as 0x0009, drive will do a coast stop rather than run. For normal run/start, just set this register to 1.

NOTE Start/stop (bit 0), fast stop (bit 1) and coast stop (bit 3) only works if P-31 = 0 or 1. Otherwise, start/stop function is controlled by drive control terminals. Reset function (bit 2) works all the time as long as drive is operated under Modbus control mode (P-12=3 or 4).

9.2.2 Speed Reference Format

Speed reference value is transferred with one decimal place (200 = 20.0Hz). The maximum speed reference value is limited by P-01. Either register 2 or register 5 can be used for speed reference control, however only one reference should be used in any control system, otherwise unexpected behaviour can result.

9.2.3 Acceleration / Deceleration Ramp Time

Active only when P-12 = 4, this register specifies the drive acceleration and deceleration ramp time. The same value is applied simultaneously to the acceleration and deceleration ramp times. The value has two decimal places, e.g. 500 = 5.00 seconds.

9.2.4 Drive status and error code Word

High byte gives drive error code. (Valid when the drive is tripped, see 11.1. Fault Code Messages on page 56 for further details) Low byte gives drive status information as follows:

Bit 0: 0 = Drive Stopped, 1 = Drive Running

Bit 1: 0 = OK, 1 = Drive Tripped

Bit 5: 0 = OK, 1 = In Standby Mode

Bit 6: 0 = Not Ready, 1 = Drive Ready to Run (not tripped, hardware enabled and no mains loss condition)

10. Technical Data

10.1. Environmental

Operational ambient temperature range	:	-20 40°C (frost and condensation free)
Storage ambient temperature range	:	-40 60°C
Maximum altitude	:	2000m. Derate above 1000m: 2.5% / 100m
Maximum humidity	:	95%, non-condensing
Environmental Conditions	:	IP66 escodrives EDS3 products are designed to operate in 3S3/3C3
		environments in accordance with IEC 60721-3-3.

10.2. Input Power Supply Requirements

Supply Voltage	200 – 240 RMS Volts for 230 Volt rated units, + /- 10% variation allowed.						
	380 – 480 Volts for 400 Volt rated units, + / - 10% variation allowed.						
Imbalance	Maximum 3% voltage variation between phase – phase voltages allowed.						
	All escodrives EDS3 units have phase imbalance monitoring. A phase imbalance of > 3% will result in the drive tripping. For input supplies which have supply imbalance greater than 3% (typically the Indian sub- continent & parts of Asia Pacific including China) esco recommends the installation of input line reactors. Alternatively, the drives can be operated as a single phase supply drive with 50% derating.						
Frequency	50 – 60Hz + / - 5% Variation.						
Maximum Supply	The maximum permissible short circuit current at the escodrives Power terminals as defined in IEC60439-1 is:						
Short-Circuit Current Capacity	230V single phase input drives 5kA						
	230V three phase input drives 100kA						
	400V three phase input drives 100kA						

10.3. Rating Tables

Frame Size	kW	HP	Input Current	Fuse / (Typ		Maximum	Maximum Cable Size		Recommended Brake Resistance
				Non UL	UL	mm ²	AWG	Α	Ω
110 - 115	5 (+ / - 1	0%) V 1	Phase Input	, 230V 3 F	Phase Out	tput (Voltage Dou	bler)		
1	0.37	0.5	7.8	10	10	8	8	2.3	-
1	0.75	1	15.8	25	20	8	8	4.3	-
2	1.1	1.5	21.9	32	30	8	8	5.8	100
200 - 24	IO (+ / -	10%) V	1 Phase Inpu	ut, 3 Phase	e Output				
1	0.37	0.5	3.7	10	6	8	8	2.3	-
1	0.75	1	7.5	10	10	8	8	4.3	-
1	1.5	2	12.9	16	17.5	8	8	7	-
2	1.5	2	12.9	16	17.5	8	8	7	100
2	2.2	3	19.2	25	25	8	8	10.5	60
3	4	5	29.2	40	40	8	8	15.3	50
4	5.5	7.5	55	80	70	Input:25, Output:16	Input: 4, Output: 5	24	15
4	7.5	10	66	80	80	Input:25, Output:16	Input: 4, Output: 5	30	15

Frame Size	kW	HP	Input Current	Fuse / MCB (Type B)		Maximum Cable Size		Output Current	Recommended Brake Resistance
				Non UL	UL	mm²	AWG	A	Ω
200 - 24	10 (+ / -	10%) V (3 Phase Inp	ut, 3 Phase	• Output				
1	0.37	0.5	3.4	6	6	8	8	2.3	-
1	0.75	1	5.6	10	10	8	8	4.3	-
1	1.5	2	9.5	16	15	8	8	7	-
2	1.5	2	8.9	16	15	8	8	7	100
2	2.2	3	12.1	16	17.5	8	8	10.5	60
3	4	5	20.9	32	30	8	8	18	50
3	5.5	7.5	26.4	40	35	8	8	24	50
4	7.5	10	33.3	40	45	16	5	30	15
4	11	15	50.1	63	70	16	5	46	10
380 - 48	30 (+ / -	10%)V 3	Phase Inpu	ut, 3 Phase	Output				
1	0.75	1	3.5	6	6	8	8	2.2	-
1	1.5	2	5.6	10	10	8	8	4.1	-
2	1.5	2	5.6	10	10	8	8	4.1	250
2	2.2	3	7.5	16	10	8	8	5.8	200
2	4	5	11.5	16	15	8	8	9.5	120
3	5.5	7.5	17.2	25	25	8	8	14	100
3	7.5	10	21.2	32	30	8	8	18	100
3	11	15	27.5	40	35	8	8	24	100
4	15	20	34.2	40	45	16	5	30	30
4	18.5	25	44.1	50	60	16	5	39	22
4	22	30	51.9	63	70	16	5	46	22

NOTE Cable sizes shown are the maximum possible that may be connected to the drive. Cables should be selected according to local wiring codes or regulations at the point of installation.

Typical input currents assuming a minimum of 1% supply impedance. For single phase input drives the input current can be reduced by increasing the supply impedance by installing input chokes.

10.4. Single Phase Operation of Three Phase Drives

All drive models except size 4 are intended for operation from three phase mains power supply (e.g. model codes EDS3xxxxx-3xxx) may be operated from a single phase supply at up to 50% of maximum rated output current capacity. In this case, the AC power supply should be connected to L1 (L) and L2 (N) power connection terminals only.

10.5. Additional Information for UL Compliance

escodrives EDS3 is designed to meet the UL requirements. For an up to date list of UL compliant products, please refer to UL listing NMMS.E494838. In order to ensure full compliance, the following must be fully observed.

Supply Voltage	200 – 240 RMS Volts for 230 Volt rated units, + /- 10% variation allowed. 240 Volt RMS Maximum.						
	380 – 480 Volts for 400 Volt rated units, + / - 10% variation allowed, Maximum 500 Volts RMS.						
Frequency	50 – 60Hz + / - 5% Variation						
Short Circuit Capacity	Please refer to 10.2. Input Power Supply Requirements for maximum supply short-circuit capacity limits. Limits apply as shorct-circuit Amperes symmetrical with the specified maximum supply voltage when protected by UL type J fuses.						
Mechanical Installa	tion Requirements						
All escodrives EDS3 uni	ts are intended for installation within controlled environments which meet the condition limits shown in section 10.1. Environments						
The drive can be operat	ed within an ambient temperature range as stated in section 10.1. Environmental.						
Electrical Installatio	n Requirements						
Incoming power supply	connection must be according to section 4.4. Incoming Power Connection.						
Suitable power and mo or other applicable loco	tor cables should be selected according to the data shown in section 10.3. Rating Tables and the National Electrical Code al codes.						
Motor Cable	75°C Copper must be used.						
Power cable connectior	ns and tightening torques are shown in section 3.3. Mechanical Dimensions.						
	circuit protection does not provide branch circuit protection. Branch circuit protection must be provided in accordance with ode and any additional local codes. Ratings are shown in section 10.3. Rating Tables.						
	da transient surge suppression must be installed on the line side of this equipment and shall be rated 480Volt (phase to te to phase), suitable for over voltage category iii and shall provide protection for a rated impulse withstand voltage peak						
UL Listed ring terminals ,	/ lugs must be used for all bus bar and grounding connections.						
General Requireme	ents						
Where a motor thermist	les motor overload protection, set at 150% of full load, in accordance with the National Electrical Code (US). or is not fitted, or not utilised, Thermal Overload Memory Retention must be enabled by setting P-60 = 1. or is fitted and connected to the drive, connection must be carried out according to the information shown section 4.11.2. ection.						
	ion ("Type") is only met when cables are installed using a UL recognized bushing or fitting for a flexible conduit system d level of protection ("Type").						
For conduit installations	the conduit entry holes require standard opening to the required sizes specified per the NEC.						
Not intended for installe	tion using rigid conduit system.						
or electric shock, curren	ing of the branch-circuit protective device may be an indication that a fault has been interrupted. To reduce the risk of fire t-carrying parts and other components of the controller should be examined and replaced if damaged. If burnout of the verload relay occurs, the complete overload relay must be replaced.						
défaut. Pour limiter le rise	enchement du dispositif de protection du circuit de dérivation peut être dû à une coupure qui résulte d'un courant de que d'incendie ou de choc électrique, examiner les pièces porteuses de courant et les autres éléments du contrôleur et les ommagés. En cas de grillage de l'élément traversé par le courant dans un relais de surcharge, le relais tout entier doit être						

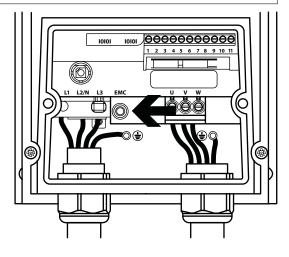
10.6. EMC Filter Disconnect

Drives with an EMC filter have an inherently higher leakage current to Ground (Earth). For applications where tripping occurs the EMC filter can be disconnected by completely removing the EMC screw on the side of the product.

Remove the screw as indicated right.

The escodrives product range has input supply voltage surge suppression components fitted to protect the drive from line voltage transients, typically originating from lightning strikes or switching of high power equipment on the same supply.

No flash test should be performed on the drive.



11. Troubleshooting

11.1. Fault Code Messages

Fault	No.	Description	Suggested Remedy		
Code					
no-Filt	00	No Fault	Not required.		
01-ь	01	Brake channel over current	Check external brake resistor condition and connection wiring.		
ОС-Бл	02	Brake resistor overload	The drive has tripped to prevent damage to the brake resistor.		
0-1	03	Output Over Current	Instantaneous Over current on the drive output. Excess load or shock load on the motor. NOTE Following a trip, the drive cannot be immediately reset. A delay time is inbuilt, which allows the power components of the drive time to recover to avoid damage.		
1_6-6-6	04	Motor Thermal Overload (12t)	The drive has tripped after delivering >100% of value in P-08 for a period of time to prevent damage to the motor.		
0-uolt	06	Over voltage on DC bus	Check the supply voltage is within the allowed tolerance for the drive. If the fault occurs on deceleration or stopping, increase the deceleration time in P-04 or install a suitable brake resistor and activate the dynamic braking function with P-34.		
U-uolt	07	Under voltage on DC bus	The incoming supply voltage is too low. This trip occurs routinely when power is removed from the drive. If it occurs during running, check the incoming power supply voltage and all components in the power feed line to the drive.		
0-E	08	Heatsink over temperature	The drive is too hot. Check the ambient temperature around the drive is within the drive specification. Ensure sufficient cooling air is free to circulate around the drive.		
U-Е	09	Under temperature	The drive temperature is below the minimum limit and must be increased to operate the drive.		
P-dEF	10	Factory Default parameters loaded			
E-Er iP	11	External trip	E-trip requested on digital input 3. Normally closed contact has opened. If motor thermistor is connected check if the motor is too hot.		
50-065	12	Bus comms loss	Check communication link between drive and external devices. Make sure each drive in the network has its unique address.		
FLE-dc	13	DC bus ripple too high	Check incoming supply phases are all present and balanced.		
P-1055	14	Input phase loss trip	Check incoming power supply phases are present and balanced.		
н O-I	15	Output Over Current	Check for short circuits on the motor and connection cable.		
			NOTE Following a trip, the drive cannot be immediately reset. A delay time is inbuilt, which allows the power components of the drive time to recover to avoid damage.		
EH-FLE	16	Faulty thermistor on heatsink			
dAFA-E	17	Internal memory fault (IO)	Press the stop key. If the fault persists, consult you supplier.		
4-20 F	18	4-20mA Signal Lost	Check the analog input connection(s).		
dAFA-E	19	Internal memory fault (DSP)	Press the stop key. If the fault persists, consult you supplier.		
F-PEc	21	Motor PTC thermistor trip	Connected motor thermistor over temperature, check wiring connections and motor.		
FRn-F	22	Cooling Fan Fault (IP66 only)	Check / replace the cooling fan.		
0-hEAE	23	Drive internal temperature too high	Drive ambient temperature too high, check adequate cooling air is provided.		
DUE-F	26	Output Fault	Indicates a fault on the output of the drive, such as one phase missing, motor phase currents not balanced. Check the motor and connections.		
AFE- 05	41	Autotune Fault	The motor parameters measured through the autotune are not correct. Check the motor cable and connections for continuity. Check all three phases of the motor are present and balanced.		
5C-FO I	50	Modbus comms loss fault	Check the incoming Modbus RTU connection cable. Check that at least one register is being polled cyclically within the timeout limit set in P-36 Index 3.		
5C-F02	51	CAN comms loss trip	Check the incoming CAN connection cable. Check that cyclic communications take place within the timeout limit set in P-36 Index 3.		

NOTE Following an over current or overload trip (3, 4, 5, 15), the drive may not be reset until the reset time delay has elapsed to prevent damage to the drive.

11.2. Resetting a Fault

When the drive trips, and a fault message is displayed, it can be reset in one of the following ways:

- Completely remove the incoming power supply, and allow the power to power off completely. Re-apply the power.
- Remove and reapply the enable input.
- Press the stop / Reset button.
- If Modbus or CAN are in use, set the reset bit in the control word from 0 to 1.

In the event of O-I, hO-I or I.t-trp faults, in order to prevent damage that may occur through repeatedly enabling the drive into a fault condition, these trips cannot be reset immediately. A delay time according to the following table must be allowed before reset is possible.

First Trip	2 seconds delay before reset is possible		
Second Trip	4 seconds delay before reset is possible		
Third Trip	8 seconds delay before reset is possible		
Fourth Trip	16 seconds delay before reset is possible		
Fifth Trip	32 seconds delay before reset is possible		
Subsequent Trips	64 seconds delay before reset is possible		

12. Energy Efficiency Classification

Please contact esco to learn more about the Ecodesign Directive and for specific product efficiency classification and part load loss data in accordance with IEC 61800-9-2:2017.





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